

City of Garden City, Georgia

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Prepared by Finance Department

For Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

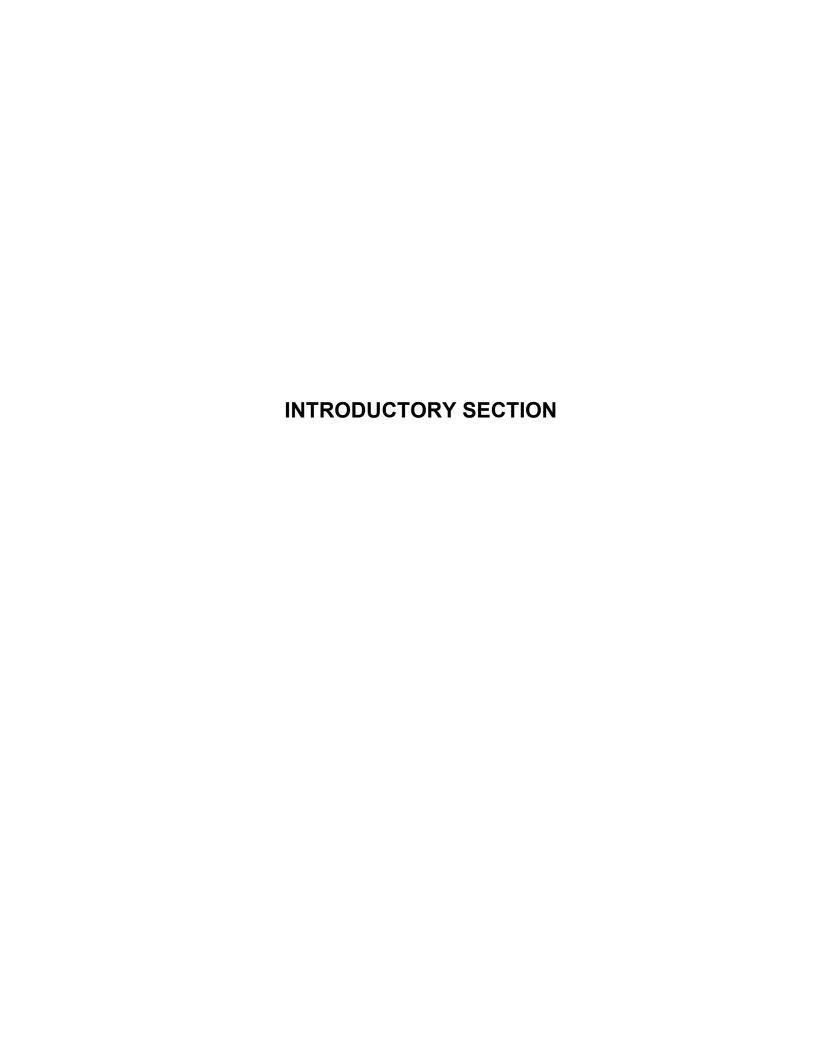
-ABLE OF CONTENTS	
	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Mission, Code of Ethics and Acknowledgements	i
Letter of Transmittal	ii – v
List of Principal City Officials	vi
Organizational Chart	vii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1 – 4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14 and 15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances	
to Net Position of Governmental Activities	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net	
Position – Proprietary Funds	21
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	22 and 23
Notes to Financial Statements	24 – 51
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	52 and 53
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – ARPA Fund	
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	55 and 56
Schedule of City Contributions	57 and 58

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)	Down.
	<u>Page</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)	
Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	59
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	60
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Budgetary Comparison Schedule:	
Confiscated Assets Special Revenue Fund	61
Hotel/Motel Special Revenue Fund	
Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund	
Schedule of Expenditures of 2014 Special Purpose	, ,
Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds	64
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	65
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	66 – 68
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	69
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds –	
Last Ten Fiscal Years	70 and 71
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable	
Property – Last Ten Fiscal Years	72
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates –	
Last Ten Fiscal Years	73
Local Option Sales Tax History – Last Ten Calendar Years	74
Schedule of Tax Revenues and Franchise Fees	
Principal Property Taxpayers –	
Current Year and Nine Years Ago	76
Property Tax Levies and Collections –	
Current Year and Last Eight Fiscal Years	77
Water Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Sewer Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years	80 and 81
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type –	•
Last Ten Fiscal Years	82
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	
Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Pledged-Revenue Coverage – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Principal Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)	
	<u>Page</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION (CONTINUED)	
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by	
Function/Program – Last Ten Years	88
Operating Indicators by Function/Program –	
Last Ten Fiscal Years	89
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program –	
Last Ten Fiscal Years	90
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and	
on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	91 and 92
Schedule of Findings and Responses	93
Schedule of Prior Year Findings	94



City of Garden City, Georgia Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

Prepared by the Finance Department

Mission

The employees of the Department of Finance are committed to providing quality service to all Citizens equitably, in a professional, responsive, and caring manner.

Code of Ethics

We, the employees of the Department of Finance, are committed to the highest standards of ethical conduct that reflect:

Responsibility, Honesty, Respect, Fairness, Compassion, Integrity, and Loyalty

Acknowledgments...

The preparation of this report has been accomplished by the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the Department of Finance, who have been assisted by the independent auditors, Mauldin & Jenkins CPAs LLC. All contributions are invaluable and sincerely appreciated and clearly reflect the high standards the City of Garden City has set.

It is also appropriate to thank the City Manager, Mayor, and Members of the City Council for making possible the excellent financial position of the City through their interest and support in planning and conducting the City's financial affairs.



Please visit us at www.Gardencity-ga.gov.

Mayor
BRUCE CAMPBELL
Members of Council
MARICA DANIEL
GWYN HALL
RICHARD LASSITER, JR.
NATALYN MORRIS
DEBBIE RUIZ
KIMBERLY WEXEL-TICE



City Manager SCOTT C. ROBIDER

Clerk of Council/Finance Director
RHONDA FERRELL-BOWLES

City Attorney
JAMES P. GERARD

May 24, 2023

TO THE HONORABLE MAYOR, MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL, AND CITIZENS OF THE CITY OF GARDEN CITY:

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") of the City of Garden City, Georgia, for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022. State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP"). This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the city. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to accurately present the financial position and results of the operation of the various funds and account groups within the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a full understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. This report also fulfills the state law to publish an annual audit within six months of the close of each fiscal year.

The ACFR is presented in four sections: (1) Introductory, (2) Financial, (3) Statistical, and (4) Compliance. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organizational chart, and a list of principal officials. The financial section includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A); basic financial statements for governmental and proprietary funds; notes to the financial statements and the combined and individual funds statements; and schedules for the non-major governmental, special revenue, capital projects, and proprietary funds. The statistical section presents selected and unaudited financial and demographic information.

The City's primary government financial statements have been audited by Mauldin & Jenkins CPAs, LLC. They have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion of the City's financial statements for the fiscal year that ended December 31, 2022. On a test basis, the independent audit involved examining the evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. The MD&A immediately follows the independent auditor's report. The MD&A complements the letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Located in the heart of Chatham County, Garden City is one of the leading municipalities in coastal Georgia. Featuring a progressive blend of industry and small business, Garden City boasts a rich history, friendly neighborhoods, a vibrant economy, and quality services for residents. Garden City is home to the Port of Savannah's Garden City Terminal, which is the second-largest container port in the eastern United States and the third-largest harbor in North America as well as one of the fastest-growing ports in the U.S.

On February 8, 1939, the Superior Court of Chatham County granted the residents of Industrial City Gardens, Georgia, a charter of municipal incorporation. Thus, began the story of a community that became what is known today as Garden City. Early residents of the area were simple farmers and mill workers, many of whom eventually found work in the rapidly expanding cotton and shipping industries in the area.

In its first 70 or so years, Garden City operated under a Mayor-Council form of government where the Mayor was the designated chief executive of the City and presiding officer of a seven-member City Council that was elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. While responsibility for day-to-day operations was delegated to an appointed City Administrator, the Mayor maintained the ultimate authority to operate the City government, prepare and administer the budget, and veto acts of the elected body. The City Council maintained responsibility for adopting the budget, passing resolutions and ordinances, auditing the government's performance, and adopting general policy positions.

In 2009, legislation was passed which changed the structure within Garden City to a Council-Manager form of government. This system of government combines the strong political leadership of elected officials with the strong managerial experience of an appointed City Manager, enabling the Mayor and City Council to focus primarily on legislative functions and policies. The Mayor continues to be recognized as the political head of the City but became a voting member of the City Council under the New City Charter in 2009. As the governing body of the City, the City Council provides legislative direction, whereas a City Manager is appointed by the City Council to carry out the policies it establishes, and they are responsible for the administrative operation of the City based on the Council's recommendations. Thus, the Mayor and Council, as a collegial body, are responsible for setting policy, approving the budget, and adopting resolutions and ordinances. The City Manager serves at the pleasure of the Mayor and the City Council as the chief executive. The City Manager is responsible for preparing the budget, directing day-to-day operations, and oversight of City operations.

In addition to the change in the form of government, the new City Charter also incorporated a mixed election system and a change in the composition of the City Council. During the 2011 election, the City Council was reduced by one member. Currently, the City Council consists of seven members, with one being the Mayor and another being the Mayor Pro-Tem. The five remaining members are elected from geographic districts, while the Mayor and Mayor Pro-Tem are elected at large or citywide. This mixed election system, combining at-large and district-member elections, blends the citywide perspective of the at-large council members with the district accountability to ensure that all geographic and demographic populations are appropriately represented.

The City of Garden City is also financially accountable for a legally separate Tourism Board, which is reported separately within the City's financial statements. Additional information on the City's component units can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The annual budget document is the foundation for the City's financial planning, operation, and control. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget that is approved by the Mayor and City Council. An annual operating and capital budget is prepared and adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds and each enterprise fund for planning, control, cost allocation, and evaluation purposes of these funds. All annual appropriations end at the conclusion of each fiscal year and fund balance carryovers are recorded where appropriate. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this ACFR, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management in all operational areas of the City.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City's economic outlook is expected to remain favorable because of the continued growth and expansion of the Port of Savannah. The City is attracting new business and continues to grow its business sector at a strong pace, primarily due to port growth. Residential construction has also increased in the last year in both the new home construction and multi-family residential sectors. We anticipate seeing an upturn in several primary revenue sources due to future commercial and residential development plans, which will help to stimulate the economy in Garden City.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City understands the importance of maintaining and improving our public facilities and infrastructure to ensure efficient City government operation. The City actively engages in multi-year financial planning efforts related to our capital improvement program (CIP). The City regularly updates its five-year CIP to account for future capital improvement projects and capital asset replacements. The City is actively engaged in long-term forecasting to determine areas where utility upgrades are needed to improve water and sewer operations as well as necessary transportation improvements. Staff uses various data to forecast future operating and capital needs in the preparation of the City's annual budget document. Revenue projections for future years are purposely developed in a conservative manner which sets the parameters for resources available to deliver services and implement the CIP.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Highlighted below are major capital improvement projects scheduled to continue into 2023 and beyond.

- Garden City Town Center Development Project: Given the current lack of a recognizable downtown and after a great deal of evaluation and planning four years ago, the City formed a public/private partnership with a private development group (Roberts Properties, Inc.) for the development of its mixed-use Town Center. The mixed-use development is planned to include a vibrant mix of retail, dining, office space, and multi-family residential housing. Public infrastructure work for the Town Center Development Project got underway in December 2018 and is mostly complete. Construction work on the private development components of the Town Center Project was started in late 2018, and work is scheduled to continue into 2023 and beyond. Phase I of the multi-family project segment was completed mid-2021, with Phase II commencing in 2023.
- Prosperity Area Water System: In 2019, the City commenced design plans to install a new metering station and water system connecting Garden City to the City of Savannah's water main at the intersection of Dean Forest Road and Prosperity Drive as well as constructing new water infrastructure to service existing properties and proposed warehouse projects in the Prosperity Drive Utility service area. The build-out value of the proposed warehouse projects is over \$200 million dollars which will benefit the City's Tax Digest in the near future. The utility project will allow Garden City to provide domestic water and fire protection supply to these planned industrial warehouse developments as well as provide water service and fire protection supply to approximately 15 existing commercial and industrial businesses currently on private wells in the area. The total utility-related project costs are roughly \$2 million dollars. The project construction work started in late 2020 and is scheduled to be completed in 2023.
- New Gymnasium & Multipurpose Recreational Complex: The City is scheduled to commence construction
 on a new gymnasium and multipurpose recreational complex in 2023 on the Old Haynes School property.
 Replacing the City's existing complex is a priority for Garden City, and plans are in the bidding process for
 engineering design, permitting, and construction administration services for the new Garden City
 Gymnasium Complex.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report is a complex task and one that was only possible with the efficient and dedicated service of the entire City Finance Department staff. We are grateful to all members of the City departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We would also like to express appreciation to the independent auditors, Mauldin & Jenkins CPAs LLC, for their professionalism, guidance, and technical assistance to the City staff during the audit engagement.

We especially want to express our appreciation to the Garden City Mayor and City Council members for their continued leadership and for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in managing the city's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Scott C. Robider City Manager

City of Garden City, Georgia

List of Principal City Officials December 31, 2022

City Council

Bruce Campbell	Mayor
Marcia Daniel	Mayor Pro-tem
Gwyn Hall	President of Council
Richard Lassiter, Jr	Councilmember
Natalyn Morris	
Debbie Ruiz	
Kim Tice	Councilmember
Other C	City Officials
	
Scott Robider	City Manager
Rhonda Ferrell-Bowles	City Clerk
Rhonda Ferrell-Bowles	Director of Finance
Yolanda Irizarry	Director of Human Resources
Chris Snider	Information Systems Administrator
Jon Bayer	Public Works Manager
Cliff Davis	Water Operations Manager
Cliff Ducey	Director of Parks & Recreation
Scott Robider	Director of Planning & Zoning
Gilbert Ballard	
Mike Dick	Fire Chief
Jim Gerard	City Attorney

2022 ORGANIZATIONAL CHART DECEMBER 31, 2022

Citizens / Customers of Garden City

Mayor & City Council

City Manager

General Government Services Judicial & Public Safety Services Health /
Welfare &
Culture /
Recreation
Services

Housing & Development Services

Public Works Services Water & Sewer Services

Legislative
Executive
Information
Technology
Finance
Human
Resources

Municipal Court
Police
Emergency
Management
Fire Protection

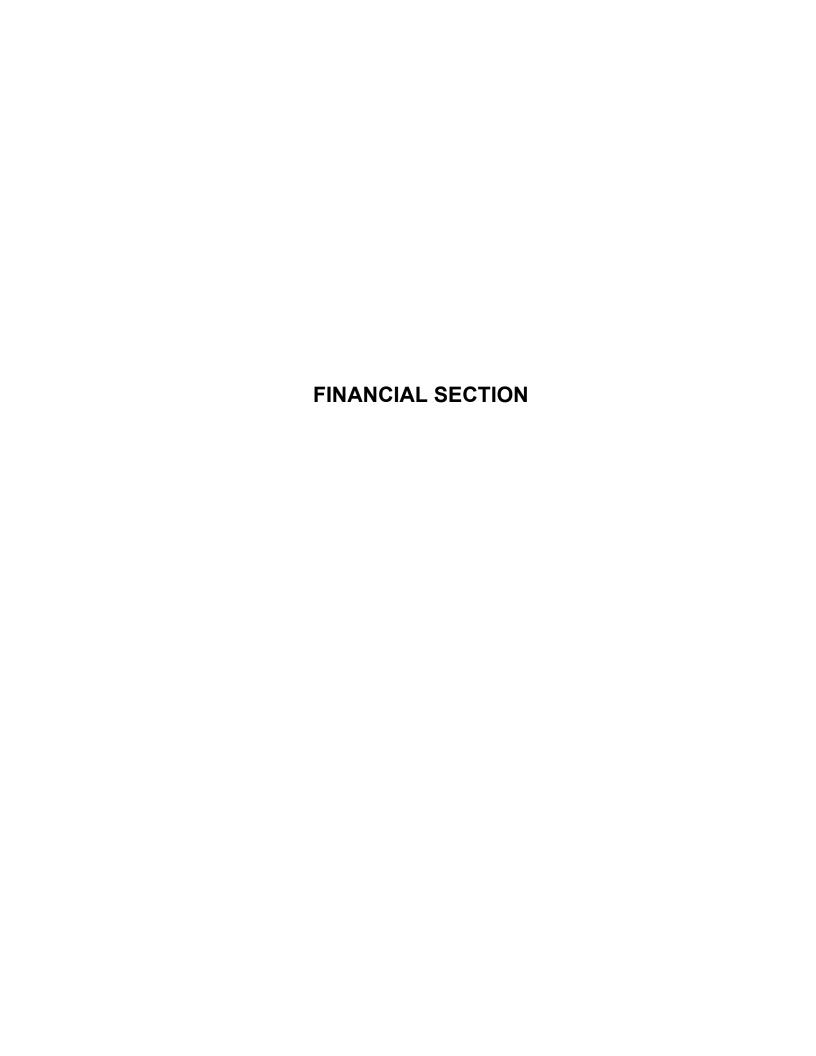
Citiizens Ctr.
Recreation
Youth Sports
Park
Maintenance

Senior

Planning
Zoning
Permitting
Inspections
Code
Enforcement
Business
Licenses

Streets
Right of ways
Stormwater
Management
Sanitation
Collection &
Recycling

Wastewater Treatment Water Treatment Water & Sewer Distribution, Billing & Repair





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Garden City, Georgia Garden City, Georgia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Garden City, Georgia** (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Garden City, Georgia, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as of January 1, 2022. This standard significantly changed the accounting for the City's leases and related disclosures. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- · Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") on pages 5 – 12, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund on pages 52 and 53, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – ARPA Fund on page 54, the Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios on pages 55 and 56, and the Schedule of City Contributions on pages 57 and 58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of 2014 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") proceeds is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §48-8-121, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of 2014 SPLOST proceeds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 24, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Garden City, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia May 24, 2023



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2022

As management of the City of Garden City, Georgia (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Garden City, Georgia for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- ➤ The City's total net position on a government-wide basis at the close of the fiscal year 2022 was \$48,835,574 (net position). Of this amount, \$17,434,104 (unrestricted net position) is available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased \$6,831,089 from the previous year. The majority of the increase is from governmental activities in the amount of \$5,415,370. Business-type activities increased its net position by \$1,415,719 from the previous year. The growth is attributed to the City's fee schedule changes implemented at the beginning of the year.
- ➤ At December 31, 2022, the City's governmental funds balance sheet reported a combined ending fund balance of \$14,594,133, an increase of \$4,443,090 from the previous year. The increase is mainly attributed to an increase in General Fund assets.
- ➤ The General Fund reported a total end of the year fund balance of \$11,427,119, an increase of \$3,261,333 from 2021. The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$8,565,708, an increase of \$3,059,901 from the previous calendar year. The City has \$2,772,724 in committed (Rainy Day) General Fund balance for emergencies.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of four parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City. The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City's government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a valuable indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. To assess the City's overall health, the reader needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as the condition of the City's capital assets.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into two categories:

- ➤ Governmental activities Most of the City's essential services are included here, such as police, public works, court, streets, recreation, parks, and general administration. Sales taxes, franchise taxes, property taxes, charges for services, and fines and forfeitures provide most of the funding.
- ➤ Business-type activities The City charges fees to customers to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer system, solid waste collection, stormwater, and fire protection are treated as business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to track specific funding sources and spending for particular purposes. State law requires some funds. The City Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for specific purposes.

The City has two kinds of funds:

- ➤ Governmental funds Most of the City's essential services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the future to finance the City's programs.
- ➤ Proprietary funds Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like government-wide statements, provide long-term and short-term financial information.

Financial Overview

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Garden City, Georgia, assets exceeded liabilities by \$48.8 million at the close of the most recent fiscal period. Governmental activities comprise \$30.5 million, and business-type activities make up \$18.3 million of the total net position. The table below shows a condensed comparison of the net position as of December 31, 2022, to the prior year:

	Governmental		Busine	• •	_		
	Activ	Activities		rities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Current and other assets	\$ 19,617,938	\$ 12,329,266	\$ 9,375,274	\$ 8,151,846	\$ 28,993,212	\$ 20,481,112	
Capital assets	20,833,391	20,669,396	16,002,630	16,446,685	36,836,021	37,116,081	
Total assets	40,451,329	32,998,662	25,377,904	24,598,531	65,829,233	57,597,193	
Deferred outflows	496,040	732,548	291,161	393,608	787,201	1,126,156	
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	4,509,994 3,954,416	2,894,695 4,750,525	1,307,757 5,565,317	1,380,413 6,164,239	5,817,751 9,519,733	4,275,108 10,914,764	
Total liabilities	8,464,410	7,645,220	6,873,074	7,544,652	15,337,484	15,189,872	
Deferred inflows	1,976,188	994,589	467,188	534,403	2,443,376	1,528,992	
Net position: Net investment in							
capital assets	17,607,025	16,721,633	10,637,088	10,282,468	28,244,113	27,004,101	
Restricted	3,157,357	1,985,025	-	-	3,157,357	1,985,025	
Unrestricted	9,742,389	6,384,743	7,691,715	6,630,616	17,434,104	13,015,359	
Total net position	\$ 30,506,771	\$ 25,091,401	\$ 18,328,803	\$16,913,084	\$ 48,835,574	\$ 42,004,485	

Over 57.8% of the City's net position represents its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The City has an unrestricted net position totaling \$17,434,104, or 35.7%, of the total net position, which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The remaining balance of the net position contains resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used, such as Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") revenue and confiscated assets.

At the end of the year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the government as a whole.

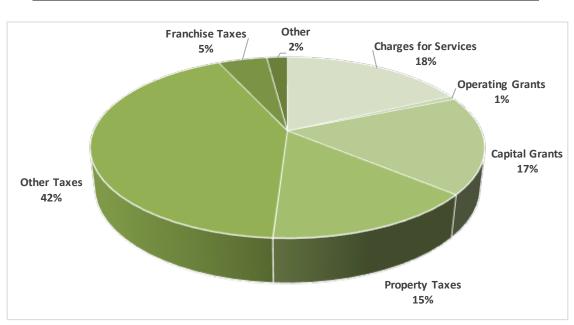
Changes in Net Position

The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Governmental Activities			ss-type vities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Revenue							
Program revenue:							
Charges for services	\$ 3,145,560	\$ 2,231,847	\$ 7,533,203	\$ 6,689,169	\$ 10,678,763	\$ 8,921,016	
Operating grants and							
contributions	120,373	85,174	-	-	120,373	85,174	
Capital grants and							
contributions	3,053,877	2,395,007	85,030	1,293,353	3,138,907	3,688,360	
General revenue:							
Property taxes	2,594,342	2,198,600	-	-	2,594,342	2,198,600	
Sales and use taxes	4,984,682	4,192,147	-	-	4,984,682	4,192,147	
Business taxes	1,561,396	1,305,622	-	-	1,561,396	1,305,622	
Franchise taxes	831,783	145,141	-	-	831,783	145,141	
Selective sales and use taxes	345,203	266,087	-	-	345,203	266,087	
Hotel/Motel taxes	494,332	402,825	-	-	494,332	402,825	
Unrestricted investment	202,199	5,130	30,561	228,770	232,760	233,900	
Miscellaneous	152,055	174,282			152,055	174,282	
Total revenue	17,485,802	13,401,862	7,648,794	8,211,292	25,134,596	21,613,154	
Expenses							
General government	2,031,813	2,028,872	-	-	2,031,813	2,028,872	
Judiciary	224,658	202,834	-	-	224,658	202,834	
Public safety	4,731,951	4,670,147	-	-	4,731,951	4,670,147	
Public works	1,178,909	1,303,913	-	-	1,178,909	1,303,913	
Health and welfare	229,617	163,214	-	-	229,617	163,214	
Culture and recreation	1,029,846	1,066,771	-	-	1,029,846	1,066,771	
Housing and development	954,439	702,129	-	-	954,439	702,129	
Interest on long-term debt	44,382	53,375	-	-	44,382	53,375	
Water and sewer	-	-	3,551,592	3,372,586	3,551,592	3,372,586	
Sanitation	-	-	467,399	449,494	467,399	449,494	
Stormwater	-	-	1,055,145	860,188	1,055,145	860,188	
Fire protection services			2,803,756	2,174,668	2,803,756	2,174,668	
Total expenses	10,425,615	10,191,255	7,877,892	6,856,936	18,303,507	17,048,191	
Excess (deficiency) before							
transfers	7,060,187	3,210,607	(229,098)	1,354,356	6,831,089	4,564,963	
Transfers	(1,644,817)	(1,175,174)	1,644,817	1,175,174			
Change in net position	5,415,370	2,035,433	1,415,719	2,529,530	6,831,089	4,564,963	
Net position, beginning	25,091,401	23,055,968	16,913,084	14,383,554	42,004,485	37,439,522	
Net position, ending	\$ 30,506,771	\$ 25,091,401	\$ 18,328,803	\$ 16,913,084	\$ 48,835,574	\$ 42,004,485	

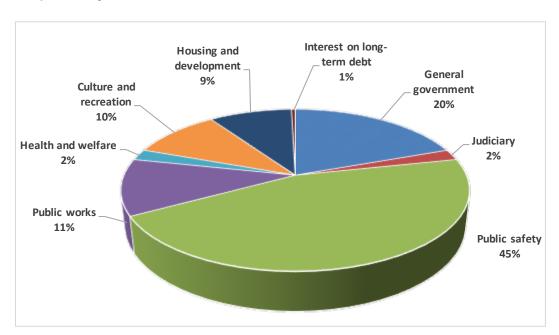
Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$17.4 million in 2022, representing an increase of 30.5% compared to 2021. The increase in governmental revenues is due mainly to changes in the City's fee schedule of charges for service. The largest source of revenue for the City, sales and use taxes, accounted for \$4.9 million, or 28.5%, of total revenue, an increase of \$792,535 from 2021. Property and franchise taxes accounted for \$3.4 million. Business taxes, which include the insurance premium tax, accounted for \$1.5 million of the total revenue. Charges for services generated \$3.1 million, an increase of \$913,713 from 2021. Other revenue from selective sales and use taxes, Hotel/Motel taxes, investment earnings, and miscellaneous accounted for \$1.1 million of the City's total revenue for 2022.



Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities - Year Ended December 31, 2022

The City's expenses for governmental activities cover a wide range of services, with \$4.9 million related to public safety (includes judiciary), \$2.0 million for general government services (includes interest for long-term debt), \$1.1 million for public works, and \$2.2 million for public welfare services (includes health & welfare, culture & recreation, and housing & development). Overall expenses for governmental activities totaled \$10.4 million in 2022, representing an increase of \$234,360 compared to 2021. The increase in governmental activities is mainly attributed to increases in public safety salaries and City-wide computer software upgrades.



Expenses by Function - Governmental Activities - Year Ended December 31, 2022

Business-type Activities

The City has four business-type activities: water and sewer operations, solid waste collection services, stormwater management, and fire protection services. For the fiscal year 2022, total revenues for business-type activities were \$7.6 million, representing a decrease of 6.9% compared to 2021. The reduction in revenue is mostly attributed to reduced capital contributions received. Total expenses for fiscal year 2022 were \$7.8 million, representing an increase of \$1,020,956 compared to 2021. The increase in business-type activities is mainly attributed to increased personnel costs to provide fire protection services to the community.

Financial Analysis of City Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of December 31, 2022, the total fund balance in the General Fund was \$11,427,119. The total unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$8,565,708. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be helpful to compare both the unassigned and total fund balances to future General Fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents approximately 90.0% of total General Fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents approximately 120.1% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$3,261,333 during the 2022 fiscal year. As stated previously, the increase is mostly attributed to changes in the City's fee schedule of charges for service. The schedule was updated to reflect a more accurate way to bill for services rendered, increasing the revenue received.

Capital Projects Fund

The SPLOST Capital Projects Fund balance on December 31, 2022, was \$3,137,025. All of the SPLOST revenue received in 2022 plus any additional fund balance was used for approved SPLOST projects such as debt service payment for the City Hall, replacement of public safety vehicles and equipment, as well as infrastructure improvements at Town Center.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund statements provide the same information as in the business-type activities column of the government-wide financial statements, only in greater detail. The City currently uses four enterprise funds in the proprietary fund financial statements: the water and sewer fund, the solid waste fund, the stormwater fund, and the fire protection fund. An enterprise fund is required to account for the operations for which fees are charged to external users for goods or services.

Capital Assets

Statement of net position presents capital assets in two groups: those assets subject to depreciation, such as equipment or operational facilities, and those assets not subject to depreciation, such as land and construction in progress. At year-end, the City's net capital assets for both governmental activities and business-type activities totaled \$36.8 million. Capital assets include assets purchased, constructed, or donated.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Debt Administration

The long-term debt liabilities on December 31, 2022, totaled \$8,571,658. Of this amount, \$3,226,366 relates to governmental-type activities, and \$5,345,292 relates to business-type activities. The City reduced its total debt by \$1,540,322 in 2022.

Additional information on the City's debt can be found in Note 7 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Budget to actual schedules are provided in the required supplementary information besides the MD&A for the General Fund. Individual columns are provided for both the original and final budgets. A column for actual expenditures and a column for differences between the final budget and actual expenditures follow these columns.

The overall operations of the City are similar to directing a large multi-million-dollar business. Budget amendments are approved throughout the year to reflect the ongoing changes more accurately and to abide by state laws. The original fiscal year 2022 budget was adopted by City Council on November 15, 2021.

The actual revenues for the General Fund were \$13,858,279 exceeding the final budgeted amount. The actual General Fund expenditures of \$9,513,960 and the other financing uses of \$1,082,986 were less than the final budget amount. The excess revenues, reduced expenses, and reduced financing sources increased the General Fund's fund equity by \$3,261,333.

Economic Conditions and Next Year's Budget

On November 21, 2022, the City adopted a General Fund budget of \$11,090,896 for the fiscal year 2023, including \$1,050,000 to the fire protection fund. The transfer to the fire protection fund will be used to subsidize the operations of the Fire Department. The 2023 budget represents a 2.2% decrease compared to the 2022 final budget. Budget appropriations in all departments look to remain relatively stable in 2023. The City constantly reviews opportunities to increase revenue by using its assets more efficiently and effectively.

The City continues to improve water and wastewater services. In the 2023 budgeting process, some minor to moderate revisions and/or adjustments were made to accurately allocate water and wastewater related costs to the water and sewer fund, with the resulting budget balanced for 2023. The water and sewer rates remain unchanged.

The stormwater fund was created in 2009, and the City reviews the cost allocations annually to ensure the accuracy of these allocations. The goal of the City is to accurately allocate stormwater related costs incurred by the City to the stormwater fund, which was created to serve as the primary funding source for stormwater and drainage related services undertaken by the City each year. In the 2023 budgeting process, some minor to moderate revisions and/or adjustments were made to accurately allocate stormwater related costs to the stormwater fund with the resulting budget balanced for 2023. The stormwater utility billing rate remains unchanged.

The City continues to improve operations to enhance the City's delivery of fire protection service. In the 2023 budgeting process, minor to moderate revisions and/or adjustments were made to accurately allocate fire protection related costs to the fire protection fund with the resulting budget balanced for 2023. City Council changed the fire protection ordinance on November 7, 2022. The new ordinance updated the fee's methodology, which is now based on the acreage and square footage of each parcel within the City. The billing rates were updated to a per acre and square footage charge.

The City continues to provide for the curbside collection of household garbage, recyclables, bulk trash, and yard debris discarded by the City's residents. These waste stream collection services are subscribed services with the City through a contractual agreement with Waste Management. The sanitation billing rate remains unchanged.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact: The City of Garden City, 100 Central Avenue, Garden City, Georgia 31405.





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Primary Governr	Component Units			
ASSETS	Governmental Activities	•		Garden City Convention and Visitors Bureau	Garden City Convention and Visitors Bureau Authority	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,749,779	\$ 8,507,629	\$ 19,257,408	\$ 366,425	\$ 120,076	
Investments	315,746	-	315,746	-	-	
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	1,099,580	694,931	1,794,511	-	20,844	
Lease receivable	1,180,260	-	1,180,260	-	-	
Inventories	-	1,000	1,000	-	-	
Prepaid expenses	88,687	70,956	159,643	-	594	
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	6,183,886	100,758	6,284,644	-	-	
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable	6,418,337	1,703,493	8,121,830	-	-	
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	14,415,054	14,299,137	28,714,191	-	-	
Total assets	40,451,329	25,377,904	65,829,233	366,425	141,514	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension	496,040	291,161	787,201		. <u>-</u>	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	193,387	294,649	488,036	=	162	
Accrued liabilities	174,311	368,503	542,814	-	-	
Deposits payable	57,478	-	57,478	=	=	
Unearned revenue	3,253,751	-	3,253,751	=	=	
Net pension liability due in more than one year	1,394,416	818,484	2,212,900	=	=	
Financed purchase due within one year	41,366	-	41,366	-	-	
Notes payable due within one year	625,000	267,082	892,082	-	-	
Notes payable due in more than one year	2,560,000	3,644,439	6,204,439	-	-	
Bonds payable due within one year	-	331,377	331,377	-	-	
Bonds payable due in more than one year	=	1,102,394	1,102,394	=	=	
Compensated absences due within one year	164,701	46,146	210,847			
Total liabilities	8,464,410	6,873,074	15,337,484		162	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Leases	1,180,260	-	1,180,260	-	-	
Pension	795,928	467,188	1,263,116			
	1,976,188	467,188	2,443,376		. 	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	17,607,025	10,637,088	28,244,113	-	-	
Restricted for:						
Capital outlay	3,137,025	-	3,137,025	-	-	
Public safety purposes	20,332	-	20,332	-	-	
Other purposes	-	-	-	366,425	141,352	
Unrestricted	9,742,389	7,691,715	17,434,104	-	-	
Total net position	\$ 30,506,771	\$ 18,328,803	\$ 48,835,574	\$ 366,425	\$ 141,352	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary government									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	2,031,813	\$	1,546,455	\$	-	\$	102,955	
Judicial		224,658		-		-		-	
Public safety		4,731,951		1,488,707		120,373		-	
Public works		1,178,909		13,060		-		2,950,922	
Health and welfare		229,617		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		1,029,846		97,338		-		-	
Housing and economic development		954,439		-		=		-	
Interest on long-term debt		44,382		=		-		-	
Total governmental activities		10,425,615		3,145,560		120,373		3,053,877	
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewer		3,551,592		4,914,249		_		77,970	
Sanitation		467,399		437,961		-		· -	
Stormwater		1,055,145		1,060,172		=		-	
Fire protection services		2,803,756		1,120,821		-		7,060	
Total business-type activities		7,877,892		7,533,203		-		85,030	
Total primary government	\$	18,303,507	\$	10,678,763	\$	120,373	\$	3,138,907	
Component units									
Garden City Convention and Visitors Bureau Garden City Convention and Visitors Bureau	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Authority		105,948		-		=		-	
Total component units	\$	105,948	\$		\$		\$		

General revenues:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Business taxes

Franchise taxes

Selective sales and use taxes

Hotel/Motel taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenue and transfers Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position						Compon	ent Units
Governmental Activities		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Total	Garden Cit Convention a Visitors Bure		Garden City Convention an Visitors Burea Authority
5	(382,403)	\$ -	\$	(382,403)	\$	_	\$
	(224,658)	Ψ -	Ψ	(224,658)	Ψ	_	Ψ
	(3,122,871)	_		(3,122,871)		_	
	1,785,073	_		1,785,073		_	
	(229,617)	_		(229,617)		_	
	(932,508)	_		(932,508)		_	
	(954,439)	_		(954,439)		_	
	(44,382)	-		(44,382)		_	
	(4,105,805)			(4,105,805)	_		
	(1,100,000)			(1,100,000)			
	-	1,440,627		1,440,627		-	
	-	(29,438)		(29,438)		-	
	-	5,027		5,027		-	
	<u> </u>	(1,675,875)		(1,675,875)		-	
	=	(259,659)		(259,659)			
	(4,105,805)	(259,659)		(4,365,464)		-	_
						-	
						_	(105,9
						-	(105,9
	2,594,342	-		2,594,342		_	
	4,984,682	-		4,984,682		_	
	1,561,396	-		1,561,396		_	
	831,783	=		831,783		-	
	345,203	-		345,203		_	
	494,332	=		494,332		-	164,7
	202,199	30,561		232,760		3	,.
	152,055	,		152,055		-	
	(1,644,817)	1,644,817		-		-	
	9,521,175	1,675,378		11,196,553		3	164,7
	5,415,370	1,415,719		6,831,089		3	58,8
	25,091,401	16,913,084		42,004,485		366,422	82,5
	30,506,771	\$ 18,328,803	\$	48,835,574		366,425	\$ 141,3







BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	General Fund	SPLOST Fund	ARPA Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
		•	•		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,724,498	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,281	\$ 10,749,779
Investments	315,746 823,785	-	-	40.420	315,746
Receivables, net Lease receivable	1,180,260	235,375	-	40,420	1,099,580 1,180,260
Due from other funds	14,101	-	-	=	14,101
Prepaid expenditures	88,687	_	_	_	88,687
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	18,828	2,901,650	3,263,408	_	6,183,886
Nostricion casti and casti equivalents	10,020	2,301,030	3,203,400		0,100,000
Total assets	\$ 13,165,905	\$ 3,137,025	\$ 3,263,408	\$ 65,701	\$ 19,632,039
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 162,119	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,268	\$ 193,387
Accrued liabilities	168,774	-	· -	·	168,774
Unearned revenue	-	-	3,253,751	-	3,253,751
Deposits	57,478	-	-	-	57,478
Due to other funds				14,101	14,101
Total liabilities	388,371		3,253,751	45,369	3,687,491
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	170,155	-	-	-	170,155
Unavailable revenue - leases	1,180,260				1,180,260
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,350,415				1,350,415
FUND BALANCES					
Non-spendable:					
Prepaid expenditures	88,687	-	-	-	88,687
Committed:					
Rainy Day	2,772,724	=	-	-	2,772,724
Restricted:					
Public safety	-	-	-	20,332	20,332
Capital outlay	-	3,137,025	-	-	3,137,025
Assigned:			0.057		0.057
Public safety	8,565,708	-	9,657	-	9,657
Unassigned	8,565,708				8,565,708
Total fund balances	11,427,119	3,137,025	9,657	20,332	14,594,133
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources					
and fund balances	\$ 13,165,905	\$ 3,137,025	\$ 3,263,408	\$ 65,701	\$ 19,632,039

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2022

	\$ 14.594.133						
Total fund balances of governmental funds							
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:							
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, therefore, are not reported in the respective governmental funds:							
Cost of capital assets \$ 33,959,426 Accumulated depreciation (13,126,035)	20,833,391						
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds balance sheet:							
Property taxes	170,155						
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements:							
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 496,040	(000,000)						
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (795,928)	(299,888)						
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds:							
Accrued interest \$ (5,537)							
Compensated absences (164,701)							
Notes payable (3,185,000)							
Financed purchase (41,366)							
Net pension liability (1,394,416)	(4,791,020)						
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 30,506,771						

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		General Fund	SPLOST Fund		 ARPA Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	10,296,617	\$	-	\$ -	\$	494,332	\$	10,790,949
Licenses and permits		1,330,966		-	-		-		1,330,966
Intergovernmental		223,328		2,950,922	-		-		3,174,250
Fines and forfeitures		1,402,881		-	-		-		1,402,881
Charges for services		223,808		-	-		-		223,808
Investment earnings		192,774		-	9,425		-		202,199
Miscellaneous		187,905		-	-		-		187,905
Total revenues		13,858,279		2,950,922	9,425		494,332		17,312,958
EXPENDITURES									
Current:		1,773,504							1,773,504
General government Judicial		221,389		-	-		-		221,389
Public safety		4,667,031		-	-		4,596		4,671,627
Public works		950,626		-	-		4,590		950,626
Health and welfare		229,954		-	-		-		229,954
Culture and recreation		1,025,350			_		_		1,025,350
Housing and development		646,106			_		340,154		986,260
Capital outlay		040,100		762,936	_		540,154		762,936
Debt service:		-		702,930	_		-		102,930
Principal Principal		_		721,397	_		_		721,397
Interest and other fees		_		43,974	_		_		43,974
Total expenditures	_	9,513,960	_	1,528,307	 		344,750	_	11,387,017
·		4.044.040		4 400 045	0.405		440.500		5.005.044
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	4,344,319		1,422,615	 9,425		149,582		5,925,941
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		442,150		_	-		-		442,150
Transfers out		(1,681,914)		(152,715)	-		(247,150)		(2,081,779)
Sale of capital assets		4,723			-				4,723
Insurance recoveries		152,055		_	_		_		152,055
Total other financing uses, net		(1,082,986)		(152,715)	-		(247,150)		(1,482,851)
Net change in fund balances		3,261,333		1,269,900	9,425		(97,568)		4,443,090
Fund balances, beginning of year		8,165,786		1,867,125	 232		117,900		10,151,043
Fund balances, end of year	\$	11,427,119	\$	3,137,025	\$ 9,657	\$	20,332	\$	14,594,133

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances of total governmental funds as noted in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.	\$ 4,443,090
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Capital outlay \$ 1,010,296	
Depreciation (813,342)	196,954
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, transfers to enterprise funds) is to decrease net position.	(32,959)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	20,789
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but increases liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the government funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Payment of long-term liabilities	721,397
The effect of changes in net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of pension resources.	91,896
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Current year change in compensated absences \$ (25,389)	
Change in accrued interest (408)	 (25,797)
Net change in net position of governmental activities as noted in the statement of activities	\$ 5,415,370

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Water and Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Stormwater Fund	Fire Protection Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net of allowances Due from other funds Inventories	\$ 8,146,592 458,549 28,122	\$ 28,466 43,181	\$ 165,050 95,335	\$ 167,521 97,866 - 1,000	\$ 8,507,629 694,931 28,122 1,000
Prepaid expenses	26,225		8,580	36,151	70,956
Total current assets	8,659,488	71,647	268,965	302,538	9,302,638
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Restricted assets, cash Capital assets:	94,638	6,120	-	-	100,758
Land and construction in progress Depreciable capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	1,599,481 33,234,542 (21,150,133)	- - -	36,316 2,877,261 (1,203,934)	67,696 3,332,184 (2,790,783)	1,703,493 39,443,987 (25,144,850)
Total non-current assets	13,778,528	6,120	1,709,643	609,097	16,103,388
Total assets	22,438,016	77,767	1,978,608	911,635	25,406,026
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				·	
Pension	68,347		46,585	176,229	291,161
Total deferred outflows of resources	68,347		46,585	176,229	291,161
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Salaries payable	204,273 26,105	34,084	20,581 15,384	35,711 71,380	294,649 112,869
Accrued interest payable Due to other funds Compensated absences Customer deposits payable	8,844 - 12,015 240,670	28,122 - 6,120	- - -	- - 34,131 -	8,844 28,122 46,146 246,790
Revenue bonds payable, current portion Notes payable, current portion	331,377 264,057	-	3,025	-	331,377 267,082
Total current liabilities	1,087,341	68,326	38,990	141,222	1,335,879
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Revenue bonds payable Notes payable Net pension liability	1,102,394 3,626,490 192,131	- - -	17,949 130,956	- - 495,397	1,102,394 3,644,439 818,484
Total non-current liabilities	4,921,015		148,905	495,397	5,565,317
Total liabilities	6,008,356	68,326	187,895	636,619	6,901,196
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension	109,668	_	74,749	282,771	467,188
Total deferred inflows of resources	109,668	_	74,749	282,771	467,188
NET POSITION				·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	8,339,322 8,049,017	9,441	1,688,669 73,880	609,097 (440,623)	10,637,088 7,691,715

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Water and Sewer Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Stormwater Fund		Fire Protection Fund		Total Enterprise Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES		_				_		_			
Charges for services	\$	4,874,354	\$	437,809	\$	1,060,172	\$	1,118,882	\$	7,491,217	
Miscellaneous		39,895		152				1,939		41,986	
Total operating revenues		4,914,249		437,961		1,060,172	_	1,120,821		7,533,203	
OPERATING EXPENSES											
Personnel services		788,999		-		527,494		2,224,586		3,541,079	
Purchased and contractual services		1,347,356		467,397		430,145		358,776		2,603,674	
Materials and supplies		449,397		2		-		178,842		628,241	
Depreciation		873,080		-		97,393		28,147		998,620	
Total operating expenses		3,458,832		467,399	_	1,055,032		2,790,351	_	7,771,614	
Operating income (loss)		1,455,417		(29,438)	_	5,140		(1,669,530)		(238,411	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)											
Interest income - non-restricted assets		30,558		3		-		-		30,561	
Interest expense		(92,760)		-		(113)		(2,277)		(95,150	
Sale of capital assets				-				(11,128)		(11,128	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(62,202)		3	_	(113)		(13,405)		(75,717	
Income (loss) before transfers and capital contributions	_	1,393,215		(29,435)		5,027		(1,682,935)		(314,128	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		77,970		-				12,248		90,218	
TRANSFERS											
Transfers out		(150,000)		_		(75,000)		_		(225,000	
Transfers in		-		30,000		-		1,834,629		1,864,629	
Total transfers		(150,000)		30,000		(75,000)		1,834,629		1,639,629	
Change in net position		1,321,185		565		(69,973)		163,942		1,415,719	
NET POSITION, beginning of year		15,067,154		8,876		1,832,522		4,532		16,913,084	
NET POSITION, end of year	\$	16,388,339	\$	9,441	\$	1,762,549	\$	168,474	\$	18,328,803	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

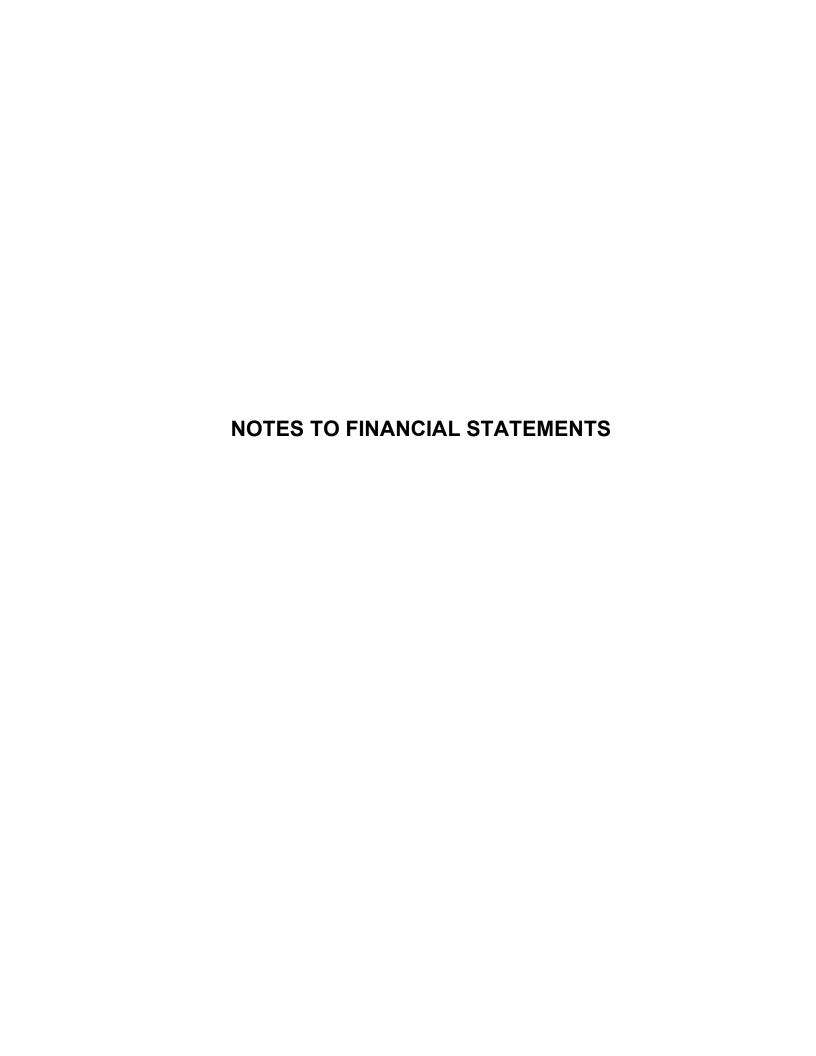
Payments to suppliers	\$ 7,483,102 (3,121,067 (3,460,393 901,642 1,711,914 (225,000
Payments to suppliers (1,736,399) (463,964) (413,166) (507,538) Payments to employees (810,416) - (547,165) (2,102,812) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 2,327,335 (30,001) 97,138 (1,492,830) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in	(3,121,067 (3,460,393 901,642 1,711,914
Payments to employees (810,416) - (547,165) (2,102,812) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 2,327,335 (30,001) 97,138 (1,492,830) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in	901,642 1,711,914
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 2,327,335 (30,001) 97,138 (1,492,830)	901,642
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 2,327,335 (30,001) 97,138 (1,492,830) Transfers in - 30,000 - 1,681,914 Transfers out (150,000) - (75,000) - Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (150,000) 30,000 (75,000) 1,681,914 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 4440,033 - - (36,040) Principal paid on notes payable, revenue bonds and financed purchases (665,679) - (3,010) (148,859) Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - 600 Interest paid (96,407) - (113) (3,845) Transfers in - - - 152,715 Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (1,202,119) - (3,123) (35,429) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 30,558 3 - - Interest received 30,558 3 - - Net cash provided by investing activiti	1,711,914
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers out	1,711,914
ACTIVITIES Transfers in	
Transfers out (150,000) - (75,000) - Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (150,000) 30,000 (75,000) 1,681,914 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets (440,033) - - (36,040) Principal paid on notes payable, revenue bonds and financed purchases (665,679) - (3,010) (148,859) Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - 600 Interest paid (96,407) - (113) (3,845) Transfers in - - - - 152,715 Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (1,202,119) - (3,123) (35,429) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 30,558 3 - - Net cash provided by investing activities 30,558 3 - - Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,005,774 2 19,015 153,655	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (150,000) 30,000 (75,000) 1,681,914	(225,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets (440,033) - - (36,040) Principal paid on notes payable, revenue bonds and financed purchases (665,679) - (3,010) (148,859) Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - 600 Interest paid (96,407) - (113) (3,845) Transfers in - - - 152,715 Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (1,202,119) - (3,123) (35,429) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 30,558 3 - - Net cash provided by investing activities 30,558 3 - - Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,005,774 2 19,015 153,655	(223,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets (440,033) (36,040) Principal paid on notes payable, revenue bonds and financed purchases (665,679) - (3,010) (148,859) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 600 Interest paid (96,407) - (113) (3,845) Transfers in 152,715 Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (1,202,119) - (3,123) (35,429) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 30,558 3 Net cash provided by investing activities 30,558 3 Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,005,774 2 19,015 153,655	
### FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets (440,033) - - (36,040) Principal paid on notes payable, revenue bonds and financed purchases (665,679) - (3,010) (148,859) Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - 600 Interest paid (96,407) - (113) (3,845) Transfers in - - - 152,715 Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (1,202,119) - (3,123) (35,429) ### CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 30,558 3 - - Net cash provided by investing activities 30,558 3 - - Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,005,774 2 19,015 153,655	1,486,914
Principal paid on notes payable, revenue bonds and financed purchases (665,679) - (3,010) (148,859) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 600 600 Interest paid (96,407) - (113) (3,845) Transfers in Net cash used in capital and related financing activities 152,715 - (3,123) (35,429) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received Net cash provided by investing activities 30,558 3 Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,005,774 2 19,015 153,655	
and financed purchases (665,679) - (3,010) (148,859) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 600 Interest paid (96,407) - (113) (3,845) Transfers in 152,715 Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (1,202,119) - (3,123) (35,429) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 30,558 3 Net cash provided by investing activities 30,558 3 Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,005,774 2 19,015 153,655	(476,073
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	
Interest paid	(817,548
Transfers in Net cash used in capital and related financing activities - - - - 152,715 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (1,202,119) - (3,123) (35,429) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 30,558 3 - - Net cash provided by investing activities 30,558 3 - - - Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,005,774 2 19,015 153,655	600
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (1,202,119) - (3,123) (35,429) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 30,558 3 Net cash provided by investing activities 30,558 3 Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,005,774 2 19,015 153,655	(100,365
related financing activities (1,202,119) - (3,123) (35,429) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 30,558 3 - - Net cash provided by investing activities 30,558 3 - - Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,005,774 2 19,015 153,655	152,715
Interest received 30,558 3 - - Net cash provided by investing activities 30,558 3 - - Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,005,774 2 19,015 153,655	(1,240,671
Net cash provided by investing activities 30,558 3 Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,005,774 2 19,015 153,655	
investing activities 30,558 3 Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,005,774 2 19,015 153,655	30,561
Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,005,774 2 19,015 153,655	
	30,561
Cook and each equivalenter	1,178,446
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Beginning of year 7,235,456 34,584 146,035 13,866	7,429,941
End of year \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\$ 8,608,387
Classified as:	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 8,146,592 \$ 28,466 \$ 165,050 \$ 167,521	\$ 8,507,629
Restricted assets, cash 94,638 6,120 - -	100,758
Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 8,241,230 \$ 34,586 \$ 165,050 \$ 167,521	\$ 8.608.387

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Water and Sewer Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Stormwater Fund		Fire Protection Fund		Total Enterprise Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net		_	_		_		_			
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,455,417	\$ (29,438)	\$	5,140	\$	(1,669,530)	\$	(238,411)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)										
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:										
Depreciation		873,080	-		97,393		28,147		998,620	
Changes in assets and liabilities:										
(Increase) decrease in:										
Accounts receivable		(37,470)	(3,998)		(2,703)		(3,301)		(47,472)	
Prepaid expenses		(7,226)	-		2,711		7,005		2,490	
Due from other funds		(2,629)	-		-		-		(2,629)	
Deferred outflows of resources		40,618	-		27,002		34,827		102,447	
Increase (decrease) in:										
Accounts payable		56,308	226		14,268		23,075		93,877	
Accrued liabilities		20,339	580		637		26,232		47,788	
Compensated absences payable		1,755	-		-		8,226		9,981	
Due to other funds		-	2,629		-		-		2,629	
Net pension liability		(34,583)	-		(22,150)		56,270		(463)	
Deferred inflows of resources		(38,274)	 -		(25,160)		(3,781)		(67,215)	
Net cash provided by (used in)										
operating activities	\$	2,327,335	\$ (30,001)	\$	97,138	\$	(1,492,830)	\$	901,642	
Noncash capital and related financing activities:										
Capital assets transferred from governmental activities Contributions of capital assets from developers/other	\$	- 77,970	\$ -	\$	-	\$	5,188 7,060	\$	5,188 85,030	







NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Garden City, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The City was organized in 1939. The City operates under a council-manager form of government (the "Council") and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: general administrative services, public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, culture and recreation, public improvements, and planning and zoning.

As required by GAAP, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City (primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationship with the City.

In conformity with GASB Statement No. 14, the Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, GASB No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, GASB No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units, GASB No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, and GASB No. 90, Majority Equity Interests — an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, the component units' financial statements have been included as discretely presented. All of the City's component units have a December 31 year-end.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Garden City Convention and Visitors Bureau was created to promote tourism, trade and conventions for the City. The governing board consists of nine regular members and two ex-officio members. The Mayor and City Council of the City appoint the regular members. The ex-officio members are the executive director of the Garden City Convention and Visitors Bureau Authority ("CVB") and the City Manager of the City. The City provides the major support to the CVB through the collection and remittance of hotel/motel taxes. Separate financial statements are not prepared.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. The Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)

The CVB was created by the Georgia General Assembly through an Act of the Georgia legislature approved on June 8, 2004 (Act 694 – House Bill 1115) empowering the CVB to function like a private corporation for the purpose of promoting tourism, trade, and conventions in the City, through the expenditure of funds received by the City from the Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax in accordance with a written agreement with the City setting forth terms and conditions and a budget for spending of such monies. In 2019, the CVB was incorporated as a State of Georgia non-profit organization and was subsequently authorized to operate as a 501(c)(6) organization by the Internal Revenue Service. The CVB board consists of nine regular members and two ex-officio members appointed by the City Council of the City. The City is able to impose its will on the CVB.

The Downtown Development Authority for the City meets the requirements of being reported as a discretely presented component unit but has no significant activity or assets and is in a dormant status.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its discretely presented component units. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, investment earnings and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, special purpose local option sales taxes, franchise taxes, other taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental revenues, investment earnings and charges for services associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPLOST Fund – The Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") Fund accounts for the receipt and use of local government shared revenues to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities approved in the government's intergovernmental agreement with Chatham County, Georgia.

ARPA Fund – The American Rescue Plan Act ("ARPA") Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the U.S. Department of Treasury's Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery funds established by the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Sewer Fund – accounts for financial resources from the operation of the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems, and the distribution of water.

Solid Waste Fund – accounts for financial resources from the operation of the government's sanitation services.

Stormwater Fund – accounts for financial resources from the operation of the government's stormwater drainage systems.

Fire Protection Fund – accounts for financial resources from the operation of the government's fire protection services.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

Special Revenue Funds – accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's public utilities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct cost and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

All investments are stated at fair value.

F. Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received including property taxes, amounts due from other funds and grants.

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, where applicable.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

In the fund financial statements, balances that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements, outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, are referred to as "interfund receivables/interfund payables". In the government-wide financial statements, these balances are netted and reported as "internal balances".

H. Inventories

In the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in/first-out basis and are expensed when used (i.e. the consumption method).

In the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in/first-out basis.

Inventories of supplies are reported at cost, whereas inventories held for resale are reported at lower of cost or market.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditure/expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

J. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When both restricted and non-restricted assets are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then non-restricted resources, as they are needed.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to January 1, 2004 are not reported in the government-wide financial statements. No long-term capital assets or depreciation are shown in the governmental fund financial statements. All capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized in the proprietary fund as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund capital assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	30
Utility plant in service	30
Machinery and equipment	5 – 10
Infrastructure	30

L. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or business-type activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The difference in the straight-line method and the effective interest method is immaterial.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Long Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Leases - Lessor

The City is a lessor for noncancellable leases of property. The City recognizes a lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources for deferred lease income in the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The City recognizes lease receivables with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines: 1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receivable to present value, 2) lease term, and 3) lease revenue:

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments expected to be received during the lease period.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and receivable if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable. The City recognized \$3,304 as lease revenue for the year ended December 31, 2022.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Note 8 for the details of deferred outflows related to the pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents the acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, which qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and franchise fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also reports deferred inflows from lease receipts, and amortized into lease revenue over the remaining life of the lease.

Additionally, the City reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, which result from changes in the net pension liability not included in pension expense. See Note 8 for the details of deferred inflows related to the pension plan.

P. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

Fund Balance

Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities, including deferred inflows of resources, under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

 Non-spendable – Fund balances are reported as non-spendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash), or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

- Restricted Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Mayor and City Council through the adoption of a resolution. The Mayor and City Council may modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the
 City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
 Through resolution, the Mayor and City Council have authorized the City Manager or his
 designee to assign fund balance.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned when the balances have not been
 assigned to other funds and that are not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific
 purposes within the General Fund.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, including deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities, including deferred inflows of resources, in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Fund Equity (Continued)

Net Position (Continued)

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Q. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Garden City Retirement Plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Total deposits and investments as of December 31, 2022 are summarized as follows:

As reported in the Statement of Net Position:

Cash and cash equivalents - Primary Government	\$ 19,257,408
Investments	315,746
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	6,284,644
Total cash and investments	\$ 25,857,798
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 10,152,882
Georgia Fund 1	15,386,670
Certificates of deposit	315,746
Cash on hand	2,500
Total cash and investments	\$ 25,857,798

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk

Georgia laws (Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §36-83-4 and §36-82-7) limit investments of the City. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. State statute authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the local government investment pool ("Georgia Fund 1"). As of December 31, 2022, the City's investment in the Georgia Fund 1 was rated AAAf by Standard & Poor's. Shares sold and redeemed are based on \$1 per share. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. The Georgia Fund 1 is managed by the Office of the State Treasurer.

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

At December 31, 2022, the City had the following cash equivalent and investment:

Cash Equivalent	Average	Average Maturity									
and Investment	Credit Rating		Fair Value	Days	Maturity Date						
Georgia Fund 1	AAAf	\$	15,386,670	23	N/A						
Certificates of Deposit	N/A		315,746	30	January 20, 2023						
		\$	15,702,416								

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The only investments held by the City as of December 31, 2022, are maintained in Georgia Fund 1 and are not subject to level disclosure.

The Georgia Fund 1 is an investment pool which does not meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 79 and is thus valued at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. As a result, the City does not disclose its investment in the Georgia Fund 1 within the fair value hierarchy.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities combined in the aggregate totaling not less than 110% of the public funds held. As of December 31, 2022, the City's bank balances of deposits are entirely covered under insurance or collateralization with securities held by the City's agent in the City's name.

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of December 31, 2022, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	;	SPLOST Fund	Gov	onmajor vernmental Funds	Water and Sewer Fund		
Receivables:								
Taxes	\$ 204,202	\$	-	\$	40,420	\$	-	
Accounts	100,515		-		-		698,549	
Intergovernmental	590,068		235,375		-		-	
Leases	1,180,260		-		-		-	
Gross receivables	2,075,045		235,375		40,420		698,549	
Less allowance	(71,000)		-				(240,000)	
Net receivables	\$ 2,004,045	\$	235,375	\$	40,420	\$	458,549	

						Fire	
	Solid		St	ormwater	P	rotection	
	Waste Fund		Fund			Fund	Total
Receivables:		_					
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 244,622
Accounts		74,181		143,335		191,866	1,208,446
Intergovernmental		-		-		-	825,443
Leases		-		-		-	1,180,260
Gross receivables		74,181		143,335		191,866	3,458,771
Less allowance		(31,000)		(48,000)		(94,000)	(484,000)
Net receivables	\$	43,181	\$	95,335	\$	97,866	\$ 2,974,771

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed on the same date. A millage rate of 3.143 mills was adopted on June 6, 2022. Tax bills were rendered on September 15, 2022 and are considered past due 60 days after the respective tax billing date at which time the applicable property is subject to lien and penalties and interest are assessed.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Government Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 4,331,042	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,331,042
Construction in progress	1,827,172	339,612	(16,958)	(62,531)	2,087,295
Total	6,158,214	339,612	(16,958)	(62,531)	6,418,337
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	14,803,899	-	-	-	14,803,899
Machinery and equipment	6,505,424	427,899	(230,519)	57,343	6,760,147
Infrastructure	5,734,258	242,785			5,977,043
Total	27,043,581	670,684	(230,519)	57,343	27,541,089
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(5,158,595)	(301,402)	-	-	(5,459,997)
Machinery and equipment	(5,786,407)	(323,529)	219,706	-	(5,890,230)
Infrastructure	(1,587,397)	(188,411)			(1,775,808)
Total	(12,532,399)	(813,342)	219,706		(13,126,035)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	14,511,182	(142,658)	(10,813)	57,343	14,415,054
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 20,669,396	\$ 196,954	\$ (27,771)	\$ (5,188)	\$ 20,833,391

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance	
Business-type Activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 91,657	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 91,657	
Construction in progress	1,368,487	339,829		(96,480)	1,611,836	
Total	1,460,144	339,829		(96,480)	1,703,493	
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Utility plant in service	24,098,892	143,771	(139,033)	96,480	24,200,110	
Buildings and systems	7,655,530	48,050	-	-	7,703,580	
Other equipment	4,930,430	29,453	(183,691)	5,188	4,781,380	
Infrastructure	2,758,917				2,758,917	
Total	39,443,769	221,274	(322,724)	101,668	39,443,987	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Utility plant in service	(15,904,317)	(584,418)	139,033	-	(16,349,702)	
Buildings and systems	(3,009,826)	(250,110)	-	-	(3,259,936)	
Other equipment	(4,536,899)	(72,234)	171,965	-	(4,437,168)	
Infrastructure	(1,006,186)	(91,858)			(1,098,044)	
Total	(24,457,228)	(998,620)	310,998		(25,144,850)	
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated, net	14,986,541	(777,346)	(11,726)	101,668	14,299,137	
Business-type activities						
capital assets, net	\$ 16,446,685	\$ (437,517)	\$ (11,726)	\$ 5,188	\$ 16,002,630	

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 288,817
Public safety	222,983
Public works	196,624
Recreation	103,313
Housing and development	 1,605
Total depreciation for governmental activities	\$ 813,342
Business-type activities:	
Business-type activities: Water and sewer fund	\$ 873,080
• •	\$ 873,080 97,393
Water and sewer fund	\$ •
Water and sewer fund Stormwater fund	\$ 97,393

NOTE 5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

There were two interfund balances for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Solid Waste Fund owed the Water and Sewer Fund \$28,122 and the Nonmajor Governmental Funds owed the General Fund \$14,101. These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates the: 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	247,150
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund		150,000
General Fund	Stormwater Fund		45,000
Solid Waste Fund	Stormwater Fund		30,000
Fire Protection Fund	General Fund		1,681,914
Fire Protection Fund	SPLOST Fund	-	152,715
		\$	2,306,779

NOTE 5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Interfund transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, 2) close out funds no longer used by the City, and 3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 6. FINANCED PURCHASE

The government has entered into financed purchase agreements as lessee for financing of equipment and vehicles used in governmental activities and business-type activities. Interest rates range from 2.42% to 2.59%. The duration of the agreements are for three to seven years. The financed purchase agreement for business-type activities was paid off during the current fiscal year.

The debt service requirements for the City's financed purchase agreement used in governmental activities is as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities							
December 31,	P	rincipal	Int	terest				
2023	\$	41,366	\$	518				
	\$	41,366	\$	518				

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Governmental activities

Note Payable

In April 2020, the City entered into a note payable agreement with the Georgia Municipal Association, Inc. in the amount of \$5,070,000 with an interest rate of 1.08% per annum. The proceeds of the note were used to: (i) refund and pay in full the amounts due under the 2012 sales agreement, (ii) fund a debt service reserve account for the note payable, and (iii) pay the costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the note payable. The refunding transaction resulted in a reduction in debt service of \$434,843 and an economic gain of \$311,063.

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Governmental activities (Continued)

Note Payable (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the note payable are as follows:

ı	Year Ending December 3	•	Б	Principal		1	nterest	Total
	December 3	1,		Principal		IIILETESL		 TOtal
	2023		\$	625,000	\$	5	34,398	\$ 659,398
	2024			630,000			27,648	657,648
	2025			635,000			20,844	655,844
	2026			645,000			13,986	658,986
	2027			650,000			7,020	657,020
		Totals	\$	3,185,000	\$	5	103,896	\$ 3,288,896

Business-type activities

Revenue Bonds

On May 9, 2013, the Mayor and Council authorized the issuance of \$5,040,000 of Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds (Series 2013) to pay in full all Georgia Environmental Finance Authority ("GEFA") City loan agreements; provide a debt service reserve sufficient to satisfy the debt service reserve requirement of the bonds; and pay the fees and expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of the bonds. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$27,541 with interest rates ranging from 1.50% to 2.75%.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Principal	Interest	Total
\$ 330,000	\$ 33,985	\$ 363,985
150,000	27,385	177,385
150,000	24,010	174,010
135,000	20,635	155,635
145,000	17,260	162,260
510,000	35,738	545,738
\$ 1,420,000	\$ 159,013	\$ 1,579,013
	\$ 330,000 150,000 150,000 135,000 145,000 510,000	\$ 330,000 \$ 33,985 150,000 27,385 150,000 24,010 135,000 20,635 145,000 17,260 510,000 35,738

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business-type activities (Continued)

Georgia Environmental Finance Authority ("GEFA") Loans

The Water and Sewer Fund incurred debt of \$4,588,080 to GEFA for various water and sewer system projects during prior years. Payments are due in monthly installments of \$21,929 including interest at 1.40% through 2038. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2022 is \$3,593,972. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 214,206	\$ 48,945	\$ 263,151
2024	217,224	45,926	263,150
2025	220,285	42,866	263,151
2026	223,388	39,762	263,150
2027	226,536	36,614	263,150
2028 – 2032	1,181,468	134,283	1,315,751
2033 – 2037	1,267,083	48,669	1,315,752
2038	43,782	77	43,859
Totals	\$ 3,593,972	\$ 397,142	\$ 3,991,114

The Water and Sewer Fund incurred debt of \$500,000 to GEFA for a project at the wastewater treatment plant during current and prior years. Payments are due in monthly installments of \$4,339 including interest at 0.81% through 2028. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2022 is \$296,575. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending					
December 31,	F	Principal		iterest	 Total
2023	\$	49,851	\$	2,217	\$ 52,068
2024		50,257		1,812	52,069
2025		50,666		1,404	52,070
2026		51,078		992	52,070
2027		51,493		576	52,069
2028		43,230		161	 43,391
Totals	\$	296,575	\$	7,162	\$ 303,737

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business-type activities (Continued)

Georgia Environmental Finance Authority ("GEFA") Loans (Continued)

The Water and Sewer Fund incurred debt of \$30,453 to GEFA for acquisition of an approved land conservation project during prior years. Payments are due in monthly installments of \$3,123 including interest at 0.50% through 2029. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2022 is \$20,974. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending						
December 31,	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	3,025	\$	98	\$	3,123
2024		3,040		83		3,123
2025		3,055		68		3,123
2026		3,070		52		3,122
2027		3,086		37		3,123
2028 and 2029		5,698		27		5,725
Totals	\$	20,974	\$	365	\$	21,339

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

								mounts
	Beginning					Ending		ie Within
	Balance	Inc	creases	D	Decreases Balance		One Year	
Governmental Activities								
Financed purchases	\$ 142,763	\$	-	\$	101,397	\$ 41,366	\$	41,366
Notes payable - direct borrowing	3,805,000				620,000	3,185,000		625,000
Long-term debt	3,947,763		-		721,397	3,226,366		666,366
Compensated absences	139,312		108,113		82,724	164,701		164,701
Total governmental activities								
long-term liabilities	\$ 4,087,075	\$	108,113	\$	804,121	\$ 3,391,067	\$	831,067
Business-type Activities								
Financed purchases	\$ 148,859	\$	-	\$	148,859	\$ -	\$	-
Revenue bonds	1,825,000		-		405,000	1,420,000		330,000
Unamortized premium	15,148		-		1,377	13,771		1,377
GEFA loans - direct borrowing	4,175,210				263,689	3,911,521		267,082
Long-term debt	6,164,217		-		818,925	5,345,292		598,459
Compensated absences	36,165		17,842		7,861	46,146		46,146
Total business-type activities								
long-term liabilities	\$ 6,200,382	\$	17,842	\$	826,786	\$ 5,391,438	\$	644,605

For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. For business-type activities, compensated absences are generally paid for by the enterprise fund reporting the liability.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan, the City of Garden City Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System ("GMEBS"), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for cities in the State of Georgia.

The City is assigned the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Plan. GMEBS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information.

The report can be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303, or by calling (404) 688-0472.

Plan membership. As of January 1, 2022, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	48
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not receiving, benefits	89
Active plan members	104
Total	241

Contributions. Employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. The Plan is subject to the minimum funding standards of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law (Georgia Code section 47-20-10). The GMEBS Board of Trustees has adopted an actuarial funding policy that requires a different funding level than the estimated minimum annual contribution to minimize fluctuations in annual contribution amounts and to accumulate sufficient funds to secure benefits under the Plan. If the City contributes the recommended contribution developed under the actuarial funding policy each year, the Plan will meet applicable state funding standards. The City contributed \$608,538 to the Plan for the year ended December 31, 2022.

B. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, with updated procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension liability measured as of March 31, 2022.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 2.25%, plus service based merit increases

Investment rate of return 7.375%

Mortality rates were based on the gender-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of March 31, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	45.00%	6.55%
International equity	20.00%	7.30%
Real estate	10.00%	3.65%
Global Fixed income	5.00%	0.50%
Domestic Fixed income	20.00%	0.40%
Cash	0.00%	
Total	100.00%	

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.375%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability. The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the City for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Total Pension Liability	Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Balances at March 31, 2021	\$ 13,374,208	\$11,031,102	\$ 2,343,106
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	289,126	-	289,126
Interest	983,245	-	983,245
Difference between expected and actual experience	(254,667)	-	(254,667)
Contributions, employer	-	640,746	(640,746)
Contributions, employee	-	73,478	(73,478)
Net investment income	-	667,569	(667,569)
Benefit payments	(662,393)	(662,393)	-
Administrative expense	-	(31,663)	31,663
Other	202,220	<u> </u>	202,220
Net changes	557,531	687,737	(130,206)
Balances at March 31, 2022	\$ 13,931,739	\$ 11,718,839	\$ 2,212,900

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.375%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.375%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.375%) than the current rate:

1.00%	Current	1.00% Increase	
Decrease	Discount Rate		
(6.375%)	(7.375%)	(8.375%)	
\$ 4.081.401	\$ 2.212.900	\$ 671.316	

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of March 31, 2022, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$580,510. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$	166,163	\$	191,001
	141,757		-
	-		1,072,115
	479,281		
\$	787,201	\$	1,263,116
	of F	of Resources \$ 166,163 141,757 - 479,281	of Resources of \$ 166,163 \$ 141,757 - 479,281 -

NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

City contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$479,281 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31,	_	
2023	\$	(29,556)
2024		(344,762)
2025		(610,222)
2026		29,344
Total	\$	(955,196)

NOTE 9. ICMA RETIREMENT PLANS

Plan Description and Funding Requirements. The City participates in a defined contribution plan administered by ICMA-RC to provide retirement benefits for employees. The plan is identified as a 457 retirement plan. The authority under which the plan provisions are established and may be amended rest with Council. At December 31, 2022, there were 58 employees participating in the plan. All full-time employees are eligible to participate in the plan and all plan members are allowed to make voluntary contributions. The government contributes, on behalf of each participant, 50% of the contribution made by the participant for the plan year (not including participant contributions exceeding 6% of earnings). Total contributions for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$94,222 by the employees and \$233,144 by the City.

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; and workers' compensation for which the City carries the following insurance coverage:

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Risk Pools. The government joined the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency ("GIRMA"). Insurance coverage and deductible options for property, casualty and crime under the policy are selected by the government's management based on the anticipated needs. The City is required to pay all premiums, applicable deductibles and assessments billed GIRMA, as well as following loss reduction and prevention procedures established by GIRMA. GIRMA's responsibility includes paying claims, and representing the City in defense and settlement of claims. GIRMA's basis for estimating the liabilities for unpaid claims – incurred but not reported ("IBNR") – is established by an actuary. The City has not compiled a record of the claims paid up to the applicable deductible for the prior year or the current fiscal year. The City is unaware of any claims for which the City is liable (up to the applicable deductible), which were outstanding and unpaid at December 31, 2022. No provisions have been made in the financial statements for any estimate of potential claims.

The City has elected to be a member of the Georgia Municipal Association Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund ("GMAWCSIF"), a risk management agency created under Georgia law. As a participant in the GMAWCSIF, the City has no legal obligation to pay its own workers' compensation claims. The City is required to make an annual contribution to the fund in an amount that is determined on the basis of actuarial projections of losses. With payment of the government's annual contribution, the City has effectively transferred the risk and responsibility for payment of its workers' compensation claims.

However, the enabling statute creating the GMAWCSIF permits the fund to levy an assessment upon its members to make up any deficiency the fund may have in surplus or reserves. No amount has been recorded in the financial statements for this contingency, as management believes the likelihood for assessment is remote.

Self-Insurance. The government pays unemployment claims to the State Department of Labor on a reimbursement basis. Liabilities for such claims are immaterial and are not accrued.

NOTE 11. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the government is a member of the Coastal Regional Commission ("CRC") and is required to pay annual dues thereto. Membership in a CRC is required by the O.C.G.A. §50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the CRC in Georgia. The CRC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. O.C.G.A. §50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a CRC. Management believes the CRC is currently accumulating sufficient financial resources to meet its obligations. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Coastal Regional Commission, P.O. Box 1917, Brunswick, Georgia 31521.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

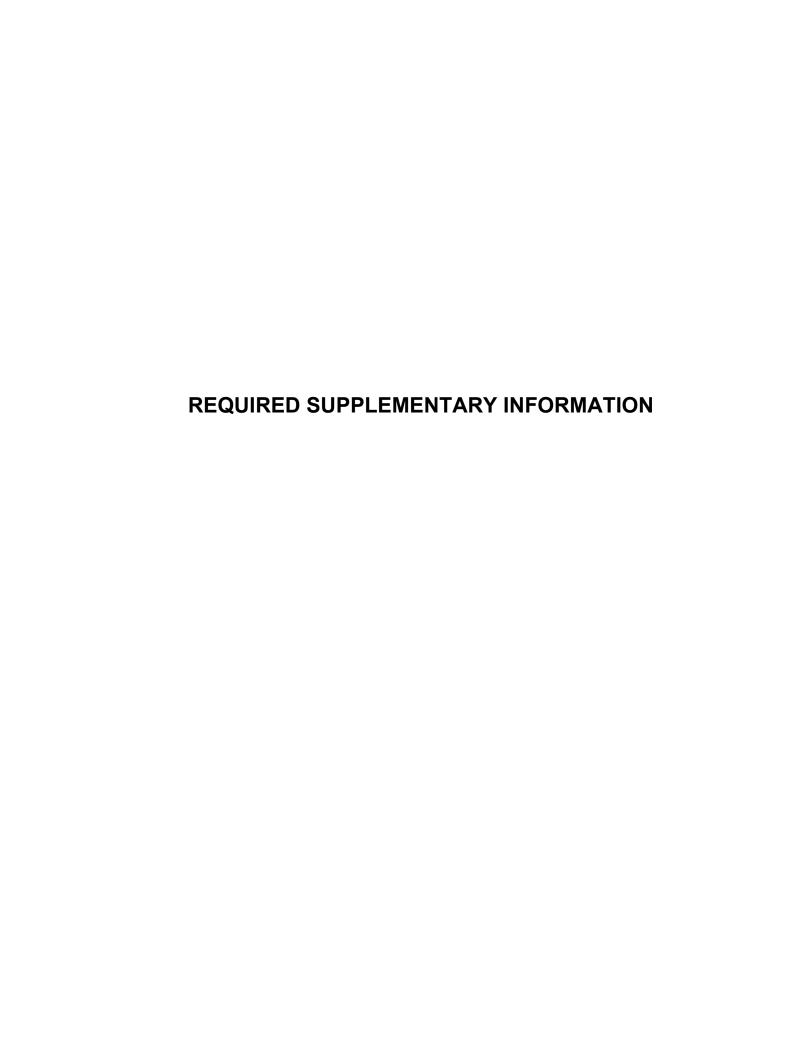
The City receives a number of grants that are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors. Noncompliance with the terms and provisions of these grant agreements could result in contingent liabilities to the grantor agencies.

Various claims are pending against the City. The City attorney estimates that the potential effect of these claims net of insurance coverage would not be material in relation to the overall financial statements.

At December 31, 2022, the City had outstanding construction commitments totaling \$1,672,584 related to water and sewer projects, a parking area, and CAD systems.

NOTE 13. LODGING TAX

The government imposes a 6% hotel/motel tax on all lodging within the City. Revenues were \$494,332 for the year ended December 31, 2022. Expenditures totaled \$247,182 and were used to promote tourism, conventions, trade shows and to operate, maintain and market a conference center facility as required by O.C.G.A. §48-13-51. The City also transferred \$247,150 to the General Fund during the year ended December 31, 2022.





REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Variance with		
			Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 3,500,144	\$ 2,478,850	\$ 2,573,554	\$ 94,704		
Sales	3,180,000	4,507,104	4,984,682	477,578		
Franchise	795,000	798,443	831,783	33,340		
Insurance premium	600,000	844,577	844,577	-		
Occupational	440,118	590,000	589,887	(113)		
Alcoholic beverage	165,500	173,150	172,417	(733)		
Financial institution	35,000	31,000	30,907	(93)		
Excise	50,000	157,046	172,785	15,739		
Other	15,100	96,025	96,025	-		
Licenses and permits	365,000	1,332,000	1,330,966	(1,034)		
Intergovernmental	95,000	223,328	223,328	-		
Fines and forfeitures	1,118,688	1,402,936	1,402,881	(55)		
Charges for services	186,600	245,109	223,808	(21,301)		
Investment earnings	20,000	187,500	192,774	5,274		
Miscellaneous	175,000	195,139	187,905	(7,234)		
Total revenues	10,741,150	13,262,207	13,858,279	596,072		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government						
Council	96,100	76,100	67,827	8,273		
Executive department	459,727	486,920	476,143	10,777		
General administration	1,401,488	1,253,868	1,229,534	24,334		
Total general government	1,957,315	1,816,888	1,773,504	43,384		
Judicial						
Municipal court	244,208	229,600	221,389	8,211		
Public safety						
Police	4,394,380	4,681,100	4,662,915	18,185		
Emergency management	11,500	5,100	4,116	984		
Total public safety	4,405,880	4,686,200	4,667,031	19,169		
Public works						
Public works administration	1,170,601	970,989	950,626	20,363		
Health and welfare						
Senior citizens center	264,000	235,350	229,954	5,396		
Culture and recreation						
Recreation	949,764	1,049,174	1,025,350	23,824		
Housing and development						
Planning and zoning	731,739	667,833	646,106	21,727		
Total expenditures	9,723,507	9,656,034	9,513,960	142,074		
Excess of revenues		_	_			
over expenditures	1,017,643	3,606,173	4,344,319	738,146		

(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted	Amou	ınts		Vai	riance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fir	nal Budget
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out	\$ (1,355,994)	\$	(1,681,914)	\$ (1,681,914)	\$	-
Transfers in	323,351		428,049	442,150		14,101
Sale of capital assets	5,000		4,723	4,723		-
Insurance recoveries	10,000		152,055	152,055		-
Total other financing uses, net	(1,017,643)		(1,097,087)	(1,082,986)		14,101
Net change in fund balances	-		2,509,086	3,261,333		752,247
Fund balances, beginning of year	 8,165,786		8,165,786	8,165,786		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 8,165,786	\$	10,674,872	\$ 11,427,119	\$	752,247

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL ARPA FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgete	d Amo	unts		Va	ariance with	
	Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES				 			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,627,109	\$	3,253,984	\$ -	\$	(3,253,984)	
Investment earnings	 <u>-</u>		7,010	9,425		2,415	
Total revenues	1,627,109		3,260,994	 9,425		(3,251,569)	
Net change in fund balance	 1,627,109		3,260,994	 9,425		(3,251,569)	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	 232		232	232			
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 1,627,341	\$	3,261,226	\$ 9,657	\$	(3,251,569)	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 289,126	\$ 287,254	\$ 264,435	\$ 279,808
Interest	983,245	932,567	814,837	760,168
Differences between expected and actual experience	(254,667)	105,316	454,021	217,019
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(662,393)	(617,314)	(528,623)	(496,790
Other	202,220		797,346	
Net change in total pension liability	557,531	707,823	1,802,016	760,205
Total pension liability - beginning	13,374,208	12,666,385	10,864,369_	10,104,164
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 13,931,739	\$ 13,374,208	\$ 12,666,385	\$ 10,864,369
Plan fiduciary net position	* 040.740	6 550 707	A 505 500	ф <u>гоо</u> ооо
Contributions - employer	\$ 640,746	\$ 552,727	\$ 525,593	\$ 520,939
Contributions - employee	73,478	57,802	220,083	41,164
Net investment income	667,569	3,440,671	(586,475)	280,323
Benefit payments	(662,393)	(617,314)	(528,623)	(496,790
Administrative expense	(31,663)	(30,634)	(33,243)	(32,693
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	687,737	3,403,252	(402,665)	312,943
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	11,031,102	7,627,850	8,030,515	7,717,572
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 11,718,839	\$ 11,031,102	\$ 7,627,850	\$ 8,030,515
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,212,900	\$ 2,343,106	\$ 5,038,535	\$ 2,833,854
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage				
of total pension liability	84.12%	82.48%	60.22%	73.92%
Covered payroll	\$ 5,395,802	\$ 5,097,450	\$ 5,114,011	\$ 5,043,769
City's net pension liability as a percentage				
of covered payroll	41.01%	45.97%	98.52%	56.19%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

	2018		2017		2016		2015
\$	317,750	\$	269,894	\$	233,822	\$	217,862
	678,587		656,890		543,233		501,801
	352,086		(385,356)		352,913		113,765
	-		-		-		(22,112)
	(345,327)		(274,922)		(298,110)		(255,306)
	172,447		48,652		623,086		
	1,175,543		315,158		1,454,944		556,010
	8,928,621		8,613,463		7,158,519		6,602,509
\$	10,104,164	\$	8,928,621	\$	8,613,463	\$	7,158,519
	<u>.</u>						
\$	544,609	\$	553,264	\$	353,385	\$	381,022
	27,522		12,085		-		-
	838,864		734,086		18,434		492,021
	(345,327)		(274,922)		(298,110)		(255,306)
	(30,148)		(23,789)		(12,500)		(11,335)
	1,035,520		1,000,724		61,209		606,402
	6,682,052		5,681,328		5,620,119		5,013,717
\$	7,717,572	\$	6,682,052	\$	5,681,328	\$	5,620,119
\$	2,386,592	\$	2,246,569	\$	2,932,135	\$	1,538,400
	70.000/		74.040/		05.000/		70.540/
	76.38%		74.84%		65.96%		78.51%
\$	4,922,342	\$	5,318,021	\$	4,535,128	\$	4,119,739
Ψ	7,322,042	Ψ	0,010,021	Ψ	7,000,120	Ψ	7,113,138
	48.48%		42.24%		64.65%		37.34%
	10.1070		12.2 770		0-1.0070		01.0-170

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2022		2021		2020		2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 608,538	\$	639,041	\$	643,187	\$	531,520
Contributions in relation to the actuarially	COO FOO		020.044		040 407		F24 F20
determined contribution	 608,538		639,041		643,187		531,520
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Covered payroll	\$ 5,395,802	\$	5,097,450	\$	5,114,011	\$	5,043,769
Contributions as a percentage							
of covered payroll	11.28%		12.54%		12.58%		10.54%
Notes to the Schedule:							
Valuation Date		Jul	/ 1, 2022				
Cost Method			jected unit cre				
Actuarial Asset Valuation Method					at beginning of		•
				-	e year plus as		
				_	usted by 10% o		
					s less than the		
			-		e actuarial val n 20% of the m		-
Assumed Rate of Return			3,				
on Investments		7.3	75%				
Projected Salary Increases		2.2	5% plus servi	ce ba	sed merit incre	ases	
Amortization Method		Clo	sed level dolla	ar for	unfunded liabil	lity	
Remaining Amortization Period		12	years				

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

2018	2017		2016		2015
\$ 544,609	\$ 551,719		\$ 353,458	\$	353,360
 544,609	 553,264		353,385		381,022
\$ 	\$ (1,545)		\$ 73	\$	(27,662)
\$ 4,922,342	\$ 5,318,021	•	\$ 4,535,128	\$	4,119,739
11.06%	10.40%		7.79%		9.25%



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL NONMAJOR FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Confiscated Assets Fund – accounts for the receipt and disbursement of condemned monies awarded to the City by court order and expenditure of these funds.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund – accounts for revenues and expenditures of hotel/motel tax restricted by local ordinance for the promotion of tourism.

Multiple Grant Fund – accounts for the receipt and disbursement of various grant resources awarded to the City.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Sı	oecial I	Revenue Fui	nds			
400570	Confiscated Assets		Hotel/Motel Tax		Multiple Grant		Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	\$	20,332	\$	4,949 40,420	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	25,281 40,420
Total assets	\$	20,332	\$	45,369	\$		\$	65,701
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	31,268	\$	-	\$	31,268
Due to other funds				14,101			-	14,101
Total liabilities		-		45,369				45,369
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Public safety		20,332						20,332
Total fund balances		20,332						20,332
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	20,332	\$	45,369	\$		\$	65,701

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 Sp	ecial	Revenue Fui	nds		
	 nfiscated Assets	Н	otel/Motel Tax		Multiple Grant	Total onmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ -	\$	494,332	\$	-	\$ 494,332
Total revenues	-		494,332			494,332
Expenditures						
Public safety	4,596		-		-	4,596
Housing and development	_		247,182		92,972	340,154
Total expenditures	 4,596		247,182		92,972	344,750
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (4,596)		247,150		(92,972)	 149,582
Other financing uses						
Transfers out	_		(247,150)		_	(247,150)
Total other financing uses	 		(247,150)			(247,150)
Net change in fund balances	(4,596)		-		(92,972)	(97,568)
Fund balances, beginning of year	 24,928				92,972	 117,900
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 20,332	\$		\$		\$ 20,332

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CONFISCATED ASSETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted	d Am	ounts		Vari	ance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES						
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 3,500	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Miscellaneous	3,000		-	-		-
Total revenues	6,500		-	-		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public safety	6,500		4,596	 4,596		-
Total expenditures	6,500		4,596	4,596		
Deficiency of revenues						
under expenditures	 		(4,596)	 (4,596)		
Other financing sources						
Appropriation of prior year fund balance	24,928		24,928	-		(24,928)
Total other financing sources	24,928		24,928	<u>-</u>		(24,928)
Net change in fund balance	24,928		20,332	(4,596)		(24,928)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	24,928		24,928	24,928		-
Appropriation of prior year fund balance	 (24,928)		(24,928)	 		24,928
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 24,928	\$	20,332	\$ 20,332	\$	_

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOTEL/MOTEL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

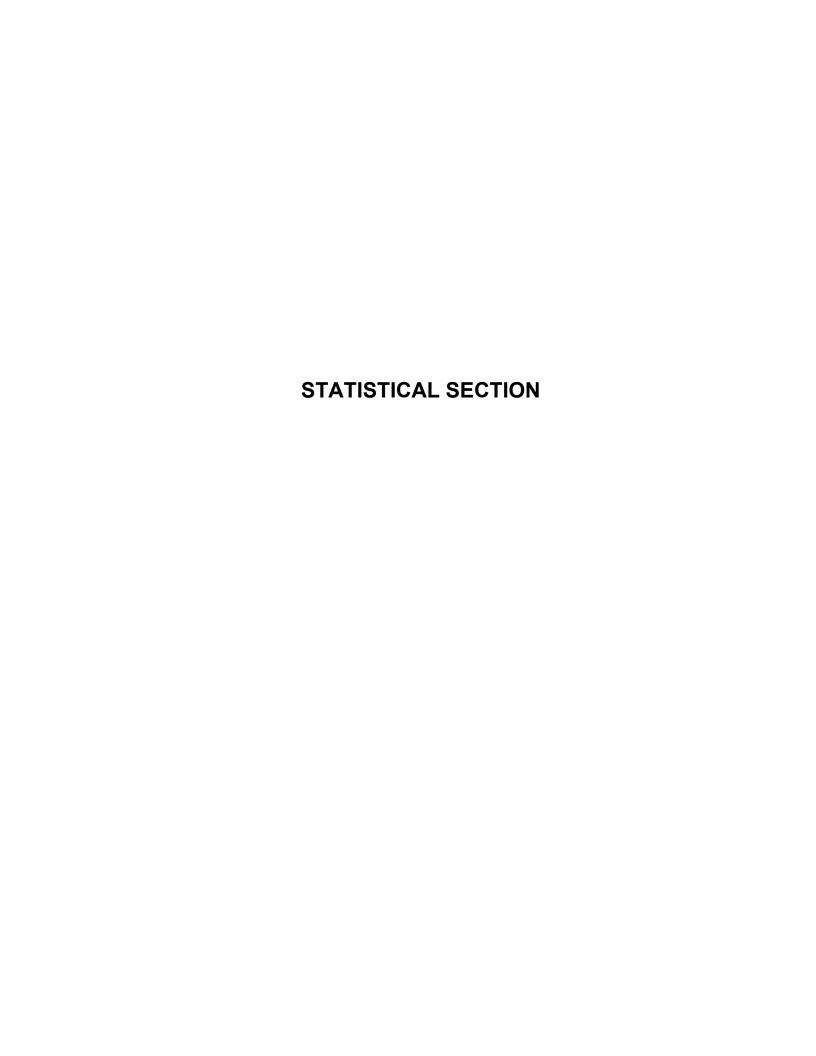
	Budgeted	l A m	ounts		Varia	ance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fina	l Budget
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 328,050	\$	494,332	\$ 494,332	\$	-
Interest	4		1_	 		(1)
Total revenues	328,054		494,333	494,332		(1)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Housing and development	164,027		247,183	247,182		1
Total expenditures	164,027		247,183	 247,182		1
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 164,027		247,150	247,150		
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out	(164,027)		(247,150)	(247,150)		-
Total other financing uses	(164,027)		(247,150)	(247,150)		-
Net change in fund balance	-		-	-		-
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	 			 		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ _	\$		\$ _	\$	_

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MULTIPLE GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted	d Am	ounts		Var	iance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES		•				
Interest	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	_
Total revenues	 		<u>-</u>	 -		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public works			92,972	 -		92,972
Total expenditures			92,972			92,972
Deficiency of revenues						
under expenditures	 		(92,972)	 		92,972
Other financing sources						
Appropriation of prior year fund balance			92,972	 		(92,972)
Total other financing sources			92,972			(92,972)
Net change in fund balance	-		-	-		-
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	92,972		92,972	92,972		-
Appropriation of prior year fund balance			(92,972)			92,972
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 92,972	\$	_	\$ 92,972	\$	92,972

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF 2014 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original	Revised		Expenditures	
Project Description	Estimated Cost	Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total
2014 - 2020 SPLOST Referendum					
Capital Outlay:	\$ 3,613,000	\$ 3,613,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Government Buildings	-	-	1,739,422	29,452	1,768,874
Public Safety Facilities and Equipment	-	-	2,808,244	513,059	3,321,303
Roads, Streets and Bridges	-	-	2,825,508	242,786	3,068,294
Cultural and Recreational Facilities	-	-	-	130,354	130,354
Parks	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:					
Municipal and Judicial Facilities	4,472,000	4,472,000	5,042,300	661,094	5,703,394
	\$ 8,085,000	\$ 8,085,000	\$ 12,415,474	\$ 1,576,745	\$ 13,992,219
Reconciliation of Schedule of Projects Constructe Reported in the Special Purpose Local Option Sa		es Tax Proceeds to	Expenditures		
Total SPOST Fund expenditures				\$ 1,528,307	
Transfer from SPLOST funds for repayment	of principal and inte	erest on		450.745	
Fire Protection Fund debt service Debt service on equipment not reported on s	chedule			152,715 (104,277)	
Total SPLOST expenditures				\$ 1,576,745	



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Garden City, Georgia's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	65 – 71
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and sales taxes.	72 – 76
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	77 – 84
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	85 and 86
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	87 – 89

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisc	al Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental activities										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt	\$ 11,973,251	\$ 11,695,771	\$ 11,798,120	\$ 12,944,733	\$ 15,323,056	\$ 14,832,504	\$ 16,495,488	\$ 16,435,032	\$ 16,721,633	\$ 17,607,025
Restricted	120,040	576,674	978,394	825,096	113,981	2,045,744	1,072,926	1,166,464	1,985,025	3,157,357
Unrestricted	4,117,321	5,526,529	5,542,726	3,883,156	3,439,436	1,711,243	4,303,276	5,454,472	6,384,743	9,742,389
Total governmental activities										
net position	\$ 16,210,612	\$ 17,798,974	\$ 18,319,240	\$ 17,652,985	\$ 18,876,473	\$ 18,589,491	\$ 21,871,690	\$ 23,055,968	\$ 25,091,401	\$ 30,506,771
Business-type activities										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt	\$ 10,950,870	\$ 10,408,014	\$ 10,461,769	\$ 10,961,872	\$ 10,219,652	\$ 9,749,200	\$ 9,234,153	\$ 9,208,733	\$ 10,282,468	\$ 10,637,088
Unrestricted	1,617,980	2,593,894	3,098,463	2,901,328	3,389,129	4,550,484	4,286,406	5,174,821	6,630,616	7,691,715
Total business-type activities										
net position	\$ 12,568,850	\$ 13,001,908	\$ 13,560,232	\$ 13,863,200	\$ 13,608,781	\$ 14,299,684	\$ 13,520,559	\$ 14,383,554	\$ 16,913,084	\$ 18,328,803
Primary government										
Net investment in										
capital assets	\$ 22,924,121	\$ 22,103,785	\$ 22,259,889	\$ 23,906,605	\$ 25,542,708	\$ 24,581,704	\$ 25,729,641	\$ 25,643,765	\$ 27,004,101	\$ 28,244,113
Restricted	120,040	576,674	978,394	825,096	113,981	2,045,744	1,072,926	1,166,464	1,985,025	3,157,357
Unrestricted	5,735,301	8,120,423	8,641,189	6,784,484	6,828,565	6,261,727	8,589,682	10,629,293	13,015,359	17,434,104
Total primary government										
net position	\$ 28,779,462	\$ 30,800,882	\$ 31,879,472	\$ 31,516,185	\$ 32,485,254	\$ 32,889,175	\$ 35,392,249	\$ 37,439,522	\$ 42,004,485	\$ 48,835,574

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses	-									
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 1,934,767	\$ 1,449,807	\$ 1,580,481	\$ 1,796,052	\$ 1,905,124	\$ 2,079,811	\$ 1,858,194	\$ 1,835,131	\$ 2,028,872	\$ 2,031,813
Judiciary	97,160	95,500	96,250	98,450	102,750	98,201	100,756	85,382	202,834	224,658
Public safety	3,606,478	3,727,352	3,978,747	4,820,500	4,345,144	4,384,679	4,460,680	4,990,281	4,670,147	4,731,951
Public works	1,644,768	984,467	1,016,071	1,489,211	1,353,264	1,152,826	1,148,789	1,194,080	1,303,913	1,178,909
Health and welfare	149,818	165,958	201,774	223,839	193,803	181,160	194,670	135,349	163,214	229,617
Culture and recreation	770,782	694,969	720,162	928,678	902,666	865,594	1,010,698	858,031	1,066,771	1,029,846
Housing and development	300,931	164,671	381,510	522,753	889,052	589,906	564,022	535,179	702,129	954,439
Interest on long-term debt	200,938	212,955	219,211	193,830	181,448	169,563	171,954	189,826	53,375	44,382
Total governmental activities		•							0.40.404.055	
expenses	\$ 8,705,642	\$ 7,495,679	\$ 8,194,206	\$10,073,313	\$ 9,873,251	\$ 9,521,740	\$ 9,509,763	\$ 9,823,259	\$10,191,255	\$10,425,615
Business-type activities:										
Water and sewerage system	\$ 3,101,449	\$ 2,837,507	\$ 3,075,811	\$ 3,221,336	\$ 3,517,828	\$ 4,039,620	\$ 3,694,732	\$ 3,518,604	\$ 3,372,586	\$ 3,551,592
Sanitation	413,749	384,159	370,800	379,055	407,944	385,996	421,455	439,155	449,494	467,399
Stormwater	738,503	878.475	808,378	931,135	898,404	847,326	837,875	978.534	860.188	1,055,145
Fire Protection Services	962,591	874,368	1,324,813	1,796,044	2,105,686	2,239,319	2,338,871	2,359,852	2,174,668	2,803,756
Total business-type activities	002,00	0,000	.,02 .,0 .0	.,. 00,0	2, .00,000	2,200,0.0	2,000,0.	2,000,002	2,,000	_,000,.00
expense	5,216,292	4,974,509	5,579,802	6,327,570	6,929,862	7,512,261	7,292,933	7,296,145	6,856,936	7,877,892
·										
Total primary government	¢ 42 024 024	¢ 40 470 400	¢ 40 774 000	¢ 4 € 400 000	£46,000,440	¢ 47 004 004	# 46 000 606	¢ 47 440 404	¢ 17 040 404	£ 40 202 E07
expenses	\$ 13,921,934	\$12,470,188	\$13,774,008	\$16,400,883	\$16,803,113	\$17,034,001	\$16,802,696	\$17,119,404	\$17,048,191	\$18,303,507
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 197,364	\$ 201,390	\$ 254,970	\$ 296,327	\$ 295,108	\$ 511,775	\$ 477,509	\$ 593,054	\$ 739,709	\$ 1,546,455
Public safety	764,254	709,893	734,117	791,251	750,639	843,667	1,186,709	1,076,053	1,332,569	1,488,707
Public works	170	705	630	225	-	-	-	20,799	12,900	13,060
Health and welfare	22,574	24,283	22,817	20,527	20,293	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	93,780	106,154	91,742	103,601	100,351	53,271	50,857	33,167	146,669	97,338
Housing and development	16,879	38,677	54,690	60,948	67,446	=	-	=	=	-
Operating grants and contributions	146,502	164,947	177,904	165,936	788,841	176,419	175,737	552,607	85,174	120,373
Capital grants and contributions	1,664,723	1,295,386	1,580,781	1,772,807	2,756,303	1,897,581	1,854,185	1,755,109	2,395,007	3,053,877
Total governmental activities	£ 0.000.040	O 544 405	6.0047.054	£ 0.044.000	£ 4.770.004	C 0 400 740	6 0.744.007	£ 4.000.700	C 4 740 000	C 0 040 040
program revenues	\$ 2,906,246	\$ 2,541,435	\$ 2,917,651	\$ 3,211,622	\$ 4,778,981	\$ 3,482,713	\$ 3,744,997	\$ 4,030,789	\$ 4,712,028	\$ 6,319,810

(Continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Program Revenues (Continued) Business-type activities: Charges for services	\$ 5,050,737	\$ 5,224,169	\$ 5,442,920	\$ 5,550,037	\$ 5,731,172	\$ 6,068,762	\$ 7,182,074	\$ 7,017,030	\$ 6,689,169	\$ 7,533,203
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities	193,377 15,215	39,078 87,876	524,050 156,586	418,491	134,117	30,988			1,293,353	85,030
program revenues Total primary government	5,259,329	5,351,123	6,123,556	5,968,528	5,865,289	6,099,750	7,182,074	7,017,030	7,982,522	7,618,233
program revenues	\$ 8,165,575	\$ 7,892,558	\$ 9,041,207	\$ 9,180,150	\$10,644,270	\$ 9,582,463	\$10,927,071	\$11,047,819	\$12,694,550	\$13,938,043
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (5,799,396) 43,037	\$ (4,954,244) 376,614	\$ (5,276,555) 543,754	\$ (6,861,691) (359,042)	\$ (5,094,270) (1,064,573)	\$ (6,039,027) (1,412,511)	\$ (5,764,766) (110,859)	\$ (5,792,470) (279,115)	\$ (5,479,227) 1,125,586	\$ (4,105,805) (259,659)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (5,756,359)	\$ (4,577,630)	\$ (4,732,801)	\$ (7,220,733)	\$ (6,158,843)	\$ (7,451,538)	\$ (5,875,625)	\$ (6,071,585)	\$ (4,353,641)	\$ (4,365,464)
General Revenue and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities:										
Taxes Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers	\$ 5,330,729 3,091 28,110 9,198	\$ 6,591,994 3,087 1,283 (53,758)	\$ 6,849,298 7,904 29,782 (265,377)	\$ 6,772,949 14,560 60,901 (652,974)	\$ 7,288,918 24,054 219,846 (755,980)	\$ 7,761,351 41,904 15,141 (2,066,351)	\$ 8,171,358 51,214 110,410 713,983	\$ 7,945,077 22,721 46,631 (1,037,681)	\$ 8,510,422 5,130 174,282 (1,175,174)	\$10,811,738 202,199 152,055 (1,644,817)
Total governmental activities	\$ 5,371,128	\$ 6,542,606	\$ 6,621,607	\$ 6,195,436	\$ 6,776,838	\$ 5,752,045	\$ 9,046,965	\$ 6,976,748	\$ 7,514,660	\$ 9,521,175

(Continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Revenue and Other Changes in Net Assets (Continued) Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 1,239 16,564	\$ 1,764 922	\$ 2,546 38,724	\$ 6,966 2,070	\$ 17,201 36,973	\$ 37,063	\$ 45,717	\$ 104,429	\$ 228,770	\$ 30,561
Transfers	(9,198)	53,758	265,377	652,974	755,980	2,066,351	(713,983)	1,037,681	1,175,174	1,644,817
Total business-type activities	8,605	56,444	306,647	662,010	810,154	2,103,414	(668,266)	1,142,110	1,403,944	1,675,378
Total primary government	\$ 5,379,733	\$ 6,599,050	\$ 6,928,254	\$ 6,857,446	\$ 7,586,992	\$ 7,855,459	\$ 8,378,699	\$ 8,118,858	\$ 8,918,604	\$11,196,553
Change in Net Assets Governmental activities	\$ 416,884	\$ 1,266,051	\$ (240,084)	\$ 1,101,166	\$ 737,811	\$ (12,721)	\$ 3,254,495	\$ 1,497,521	\$ 2,035,433	\$ 5,415,370
Business-type activities	385,219	600,198	(52,395)	(402,563)	(602,357)	1,992,555	(947,381)	2,267,696	2,529,530	1,415,719
Total primary government	\$ 802,103	\$ 1,866,249	\$ (292,479)	\$ 698,603	\$ 135,454	\$ 1,979,834	\$ 2,307,114	\$ 3,765,217	\$ 4,564,963	\$ 6,831,089

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Eiees	al Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Fund				2010		2010				
Non-spendable	\$ 117,959	\$ 184,289	\$ 74,493	\$ 101,190	\$ 67,198	\$ 96,362	\$ 88,607	\$ 97,070	\$ 88,117	\$ 88,687
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	1,254,973	2,087,328	2,087,328	2,571,862	2,772,724
Restricted	1,757,126	1,898,074	2,184,982	952,139	2,254,973	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	=	-	=	=	-	=	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	1,464,440	2,482,404	3,022,728	2,999,503	1,941,646	1,012,469	2,726,235	4,309,192	5,505,807	8,565,708
					*		.		A 0.405 =00	
Total General Fund	\$ 3,339,525	\$ 4,564,767	\$ 5,282,203	\$ 4,052,832	\$ 4,263,817	\$ 2,363,804	\$ 4,902,170	\$ 6,493,590	\$ 8,165,786	\$11,427,119
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted:										
Special Revenue Funds	\$ 1,673	\$ 4,498	\$ 30,153	\$ 116,661	\$ 113,981	\$ 152,169	\$ 149,572	\$ 145,529	\$ 117,900	\$ 20,332
Capital Projects Fund	118,367	572,176	948,241	708,435	-	1,893,575	923,354	1,020,935	1,867,125	3,137,025
Assigned:										
Special Revenue Funds	224,709	299,895	380,841	459,080	-	-	-	-	232	9,657
Unassigned:					(227,338)					
Capital Projects Fund					(221,330)					
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 344,749	\$ 876,569	\$ 1,359,235	\$ 1,284,176	\$ (113,357)	\$ 2,045,744	\$ 1,072,926	\$ 1,166,464	\$ 1,985,257	\$ 3,167,014

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	I Voor				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues	2010	2014	2010	2010	2011	2010	2010	2020	2021	
Taxes	\$ 5,341,826	\$ 6,528,681	\$ 6,770,026	\$ 6,832,763	\$ 7,288,967	\$ 7,695,280	\$ 8,143,148	\$ 7,990,234	\$ 9,168,146	\$ 10,790,949
Licenses and permits	80.782	115,075	172.865	209,968	213,248	237.735	202.517	433.743	573,635	1,330,966
Intergovernmental	1,883,741	1,535,954	1,835,756	2,028,881	3,529,636	2,074,001	2,027,096	2,306,960	2,480,181	3,174,250
Charges for services	150,326	155,754	119,455	129,307	124,713	139,032	164,760	100,591	272,808	223,808
Fines and forfeitures	730,884	685,389	730,823	786,297	746,894	828,933	1,144,496	1,041,422	1,238,107	1,402,881
Interest revenues	3,091	3,087	7,988	15,051	25,212	41,904	54,040	23,477	5,130	202,199
Other revenues	148,532	122,773	159,750	190,580	186,055	203,012	203,302	147,317	147,297	187,905
Total revenues	\$ 8,339,182	\$ 9,146,713	\$ 9,796,663	\$ 10,192,847	\$ 12,114,725	\$ 11,219,897	\$ 11,939,359	\$ 12,043,744	\$ 13,885,304	\$ 17,312,958
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	\$ 1.565.889	\$ 1,028,023	\$ 1,216,522	\$ 1,515,878	\$ 1,497,850	\$ 1,481,463	\$ 1,558,063	\$ 1,413,719	\$ 1,710,898	\$ 1,773,504
Judiciary	97.160	95,500	96,250	98,450	102,750	98,201	100,756	85,382	202,834	221,389
Public safety	3,474,984	3,550,513	3,862,078	4,108,536	4,123,002	4,197,562	4,062,476	4,090,378	4,199,836	4,671,627
Public works	583,182	789,449	907,525	1,428,590	1,165,901	1,117,805	1,089,945	963,810	1,085,252	950,626
Health and welfare	149,818	165,958	202,054	213,111	194,608	178.164	195,202	125,548	161,381	229,954
Culture and recreation	817,256	619,474	734,559	859,142	829,518	1,004,719	972,612	726,301	949,695	1,025,350
Housing and development	264,661	126,860	340,560	476,836	351,525	583,402	564,759	506,315	699,457	986,260
Capital outlay	948,156	115,405	635,504	1,114,765	2,908,844	1,001,598	1,782,721	768,591	522,487	762,936
Debt service:	0 10, 100	110,100	000,001	1,111,100	2,000,011	1,001,000	1,102,121	700,001	022,101	. 02,000
Principal	547,220	523,461	618,046	716,012	727,551	664,182	705,303	5,867,761	812,086	721,397
Interest	240,704	211,212	218,259	194,667	182,528	168,510	166,367	181,604	54,029	43,974
Intergovernmental:	2.0,.0.	,	2.0,200	,	.02,020	.00,0.0	.00,00.	.0.,00.	0.,020	,
Assistance	125.564	113.432	123.245	135.944	199.259	_	_	_	_	_
Total expenditures	\$ 8,814,594	\$ 7,339,287	\$ 8,954,602	\$ 10,861,931	\$ 12,283,336	\$ 10,495,606	\$ 11,198,204	\$ 14,729,409	\$ 10,397,955	\$ 11,387,017
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
, ,,	ф (AZE 440)	Ф. 4.007.400	Ф 040.004	Φ (000 004)	ф (400 044)	ф 7 04.004	ф 744 455	Φ (0.00E.00E)	ф 0.40 7 .040	A F00F044
over (under) expenditures	\$ (475,412)	\$ 1,807,426	\$ 842,061	\$ (669,084)	\$ (168,611)	\$ 724,291	\$ 741,155	\$ (2,685,665)	\$ 3,487,349	\$ 5,925,941

(Continued)

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	al Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Capital leases and notes payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 612,563	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 280,465	\$ -	\$ 291,673	\$ -	\$ -
Note issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	5,070,000	-	-
Sale of surplus property	-	-	-	875	-	1,305,542	83,019	30,488	60,000	4,723
Insurance recoveries	12,607	3,394	10,855	16,753	197,123	15,141	27,391	16,143	114,282	152,055
Transfers in	312,115	308,434	318,245	330,943	394,259	1,497,575	2,166,024	415,931	433,305	442,150
Transfers out	(302,917)	(362,192)	(583,622)	(983,917)	(1,150,239)	(3,563,926)	(1,452,041)	(1,453,612)	(1,603,947)	(2,081,779)
Total other financing sources (uses)	21,805	(50,364)	358,041	(635,346)	(558,857)	(465,203)	824,393	4,370,623	(996,360)	(1,482,851)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (453,607)	\$ 1,757,062	\$ 1,200,102	\$ (1,304,430)	\$ (727,468)	\$ 259,088	\$ 1,565,548	\$ 1,684,958	\$ 2,490,989	\$ 4,443,090
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	10.02%	10.17%	10.05%	9.34%	9.71%	8.77%	9.26%	43.33%	8.77%	7.38%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Real P	roperty							т	otal	Ratio of Total Assessed to	Total
Tax Digest Year	Residential	Commercial	Mobile Homes	Motor Vehicles	Industrial	Utility	ner Personal Property	Tax Exempt Real Property	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Total Estimated Actual Value	Direct Tax Rate
2013	\$ 81,535,065	\$ 156,766,825	\$ 5,965,240	\$ 27,999,510	\$ 109,871,199	\$ 10,367,321	\$ 833,057	\$ (10,592,025)	\$ 382,746,192	\$ 956,865,480	40.00%	-
2014	81,205,784	167,938,531	5,773,080	24,858,970	100,240,147	10,872,614	1,482,241	(41,126,476)	351,244,891	878,112,228	40.00%	4
2015	78,385,792	175,929,590	5,646,194	16,776,140	117,435,762	12,124,157	2,301,812	(39,526,795)	369,072,652	922,681,630	40.00%	3.883
2016	75,494,899	164,296,704	5,235,004	12,951,250	133,902,014	12,417,656	2,346,749	(38,232,614)	368,411,662	921,029,155	40.00%	3.883
2017	74,573,769	174,012,279	5,377,684	9,425,160	144,196,612	13,910,288	1,604,325	(38,488,120)	384,611,997	961,529,993	40.00%	3.856
2018	75,749,466	190,423,032	5,078,804	7,470,440	168,373,906	15,339,834	3,799,046	(38,426,727)	427,807,801	1,069,519,503	40.00%	3.756
2019	76,777,914	216,224,691	5,175,408	6,313,200	167,411,686	15,886,347	3,266,234	(39,555,493)	451,499,987	1,128,749,968	40.00%	3.690
2020	79,891,599	236,774,818	4,849,448	5,958,750	177,992,356	16,981,650	4,137,831	(41,252,689)	485,333,763	1,213,334,408	40.00%	3.619
2021	84,802,275	231,952,384	4,731,608	4,523,310	196,263,408	19,048,283	5,452,748	(60, 154, 698)	486,619,318	1,216,548,295	40.00%	3.489
2022	100,893,974	280,875,848	5,554,644	4,305,000	276,653,983	19,940,245	4,376,868	(48,801,891)	643,798,671	1,609,496,678	40.00%	3.143

Source: Chatham County Tax Assessor City Only Consolidation and Evaluation Digest

Note: The ratio of total assessed to total estimated actual value is at 40.0% by state law.

Tax rates are per \$1,000 net assessed value.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Direct		Overlapping Rates		
Fiscal Year	City	School District	Chatham County	State of Georgia	Total
2013	-	15.880	12.950	0.15	28.980
2014	4.000	15.881	12.543	0.10	32.524
2015	3.883	16.631	12.543	0.05	33.107
2016	3.883	16.631	12.543	0.00	33.057
2017	3.856	16.631	12.693	0.00	33.180
2018	3.756	18.881	12.693	0.00	35.330
2019	3.690	18.881	11.543	0.00	34.114
2020	3.619	18.881	11.543	0.00	34.043
2021	3.489	18.131	11.543	0.00	33.163
2022	3.143	17.631	10.518	0.00	31.292

Source: Chatham County Tax Commissioner's Office

LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX HISTORY LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

					Fisca	al Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
January	\$ 256,987	\$ 198,095	\$ 215,149	\$ 179,109	\$ 227,627	\$ 220,477	\$ 266,221	\$ 255,291	\$ 275,341	\$ 337,487
February	295,748	210,564	220,986	219,773	232,054	228,153	260,651	255,703	277,886	358,434
March	237,172	240,296	243,788	251,317	266,313	298,697	309,574	251,494	336,225	426,475
April	195,103	233,610	251,283	241,114	262,598	288,365	304,952	222,568	353,491	444,776
May	224,825	238,363	247,085	240,575	258,710	278,031	313,966	267,186	357,792	426,160
June	224,100	240,984	254,619	253,815	265,626	293,667	306,012	294,389	377,633	444,885
July	215,672	247,207	253,464	242,325	265,168	286,393	303,545	285,097	374,199	416,297
August	220,673	235,973	235,624	237,427	246,540	271,498	292,248	402,934	341,999	408,244
September	216,010	230,915	199,903	238,282	237,298	263,362	272,875	269,787	356,851	413,482
October	213,307	231,495	232,030	218,906	250,960	288,230	298,718	300,639	352,666	425,702
November	205,247	232,669	230,946	244,444	261,962	274,793	280,148	285,242	370,473	405,163
December	250,943	267,433	266,323	283,077	286,383	312,870	324,842	337,372	417,591	477,577
Total	\$ 2,755,787	\$ 2,807,604	\$ 2,851,200	\$ 2,850,164	\$ 3,061,237	\$ 3,304,536	\$ 3,533,752	\$ 3,427,702	\$ 4,192,147	\$ 4,984,682

Sales tax information is presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

SCHEDULE OF TAX REVENUES AND FRANCHISE FEES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year											
Tax Revenue	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
Local Option Sales Tax	\$ 2,755,787	\$ 2,807,604	\$ 2,851,200	\$ 2,850,164	\$ 3,061,237	\$ 3,304,536	\$ 3,533,752	\$ 3,427,700	\$ 4,192,147	\$ 4,984,682		
Real and Personal												
Property Tax	-	1,174,624	1,377,255	1,479,981	1,594,366	1,687,000	1,697,684	1,761,188	1,658,961	1,975,805		
Title Ad Valorem Tax	170,450	196,198	207,554	126,374	116,933	156,176	205,664	283,265	388,249	433,184		
Franchise Tax - Electric	683,785	662,390	719,749	662,594	641,147	613,200	671,532	687,981	662,633	685,743		
Franchise Tax - Gas	31,938	31,442	29,699	29,649	27,662	29,012	34,990	39,014	41,827	44,307		
Franchise Tax -												
Television Cable	94,093	94,802	95,864	100,537	93,066	92,158	89,281	87,057	85,986	84,501		
Franchise Tax - Telephone	52,818	51,156	55,648	67,922	44,734	42,189	26,012	20,346	18,262	17,232		
Alcoholic Beverage												
Excise Tax	129,078	139,623	141,929	146,458	158,596	158,892	164,458	161,435	156,064	154,531		
Energy Excise Tax	6,701	18,900	36,702	43,503	55,350	64,351	56,967	56,731	98,006	172,785		
Local Option Mixed Drink												
Excise Tax	2,565	4,271	7,416	9,556	8,892	11,735	13,395	9,465	12,017	16,737		
Business and Occupation												
Tax	709,453	623,464	466,552	461,095	475,113	479,336	507,815	423,082	498,682	589,887		
Insurance Premium Tax	453,628	474,518	506,945	549,120	579,008	624,432	662,905	697,826	720,923	844,577		
Financial Institution Tax	33,959	22,825	27,027	33,926	34,348	33,170	33,661	35,398	33,008	30,907		
	\$ 5,124,255	\$ 6,301,817	\$ 6,523,540	\$ 6,560,879	\$ 6,890,452	\$ 7,296,187	\$ 7,698,116	\$ 7,690,488	\$ 8,566,765	\$10,034,878		

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2022		2013						
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxa Asse Val	ssed	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value			
Centerpoint Garden City LLC	\$ 40,050,520	1	8.23%	\$	-	-	0.00%			
Slivka Gene R	7,183,800	2	1.48%		-	-	0.00%			
Garden Lake Townhomes LLC	6,937,400	3	1.43%		-	-	0.00%			
Duke Realty Limited Partnership	6,536,122	4	1.34%		-	-	0.00%			
GPT Dean Forest	6,228,000	5	1.28%		-	-	0.00%			
Chatham City Apartments LLC	5,083,560	6	1.04%		-	-	0.00%			
CMF Azure Cove LLC	5,048,560	7	1.04%		-	-	0.00%			
8 Sonny Perdue LLC	4,914,840	8	1.01%		-	-	0.00%			
Citimark Telfair LLC	4,518,480	9	0.93%		-	-	0.00%			
CMF Kessler Point LLC	 4,248,840	10	0.87%		<u> </u>	-	0.00%			
Total	\$ 90,750,122		18.65%	\$	<u>-</u>		0.00%			

Source: Chatham County Tax Assessor

Note: 2014 was the first year the City of Garden City, Georgia levied property taxes.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS CURRENT YEAR AND LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

						 Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy				Total Collections to Date		ions to Date	
Calendar Year ⁽¹⁾			Ad	Adjusted Adjustments Levy			 Amount	Percentage of Levy	•			Amount	Percentage of Levy
2014	\$	1,278,693	\$	(23,167)	\$	1,255,526	\$ 1,009,692	78.96%	\$	245,325	\$	1,255,017	99.96%
2015		1,339,135		(24,143)		1,314,992	1,121,272	83.73%		193,399		1,314,671	99.98%
2016		1,352,839		9,068		1,361,907	1,174,439	86.81%		187,236		1,361,675	99.98%
2017		1,430,542		14,257		1,444,799	1,265,275	88.45%		178,792		1,444,067	99.95%
2018		1,550,460		(32,059)		1,518,401	1,306,581	84.27%		210,883		1,517,464	99.94%
2019		1,615,959		(22,471)		1,593,488	1,402,552	86.79%		188,125		1,590,677	99.82%
2020		1,721,030		(86,070)		1,634,960	1,473,916	85.64%		143,114		1,617,031	98.90%
2021		1,711,462		(124,100)		1,587,362	1,444,248	84.39%		· <u>-</u>		1,444,248	90.98%
2022		1,986,403		(104,509)		1,881,894	1,744,340	87.81%		137,555		1,881,895	100.00%

Source: Chatham County Tax Commissioner

Note: 2014 was the first year the City of Garden City, Georgia levied property taxes.

⁽¹⁾ Taxes are assessed for the calendar year beginning January 1.

⁽²⁾ The total tax levy includes real property, industrial property, personal property and public utilities. The total tax levy is the orginal state approved levy after adjustments for cancelations, releases, errors and additions.

WATER RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Water - Ins	ide the City	Water - Outs	side the City
Years ended December 31,	Type of Charge	Charge	Type of Charge	Charge
2013	Base	\$12.13 per REU*	Base	\$13.95 per REU*
2014	Base	\$13.35 per REU*	Base	\$15.36 per REU*
2015	Base	\$13.55 per REU*	Base	\$15.59 per REU*
2016	Base	\$14.09 per REU*	Base	\$16.20 Per REU*
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons		Gallons	
	up to 2,500	\$1.32	up to 2,500	\$2.07
	2,501 - 5,000	\$1.58	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.48
	5,001 - 10,000	\$1.85	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.90
	10,001 - 15,000	\$2.37	10,001 - 15,000	\$3.72
	15,001 - 20,000	\$2.90	15,001 - 20,000	\$4.55
	Over 20,000	\$3.43	Over 20,000	\$5.37
2017	Base	\$14.51 per REU*	Base	\$16.69 Per REU*
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons	***	Gallons	
	up to 2,500	\$1.36	up to 2,500	\$2.04
	2,501 - 5,000	\$1.63	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.45
	5,001 - 10,000	\$1.91	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.87
	10,001 - 15,000	\$2.44	10,001 - 15,000	\$3.66
	15,001 - 20,000	\$2.99	15,001 - 20,000	\$4.49
	Over 20,000	\$3.53	Over 20,000	\$5.30
2018	Base	\$14.95 per REU*	Base	\$17.19 Per REU*
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons		Gallons	
	up to 2,500	\$1.40	up to 2,500	\$2.10
	2,501 - 5,000	\$1.68	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.52
	5,001 - 10,000	\$1.97	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.95
	10,001 - 15,000	\$2.51	10,001 - 15,000	\$3.77
	15,001 - 20,000	\$3.08	15,001 - 20,000	\$4.62
	Over 20,000	\$3.64	Over 20,000	\$5.46
Continued)				

WATER RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Water - Ins	de the City	Water - Outs	side the City
Years ended December 31,	Type of Charge	Charge	Type of Charge	Charge
2019	Base	\$15.40 per REU*	Base	\$17.71 Per REU*
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons		Gallons	
	up to 2,500	\$1.44	up to 2,500	\$2.16
	2,501 - 5,000	\$1.73	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.60
	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.03	5,001 - 10,000	\$3.05
	10,001 - 15,000	\$2.59	10,001 - 15,000	\$3.89
	15,001 - 20,000	\$3.17	15,001 - 20,000	\$4.76
	Over 20,000	\$3.75	Over 20,000	\$5.63
2020	Base	\$15.87 per REU*	Base	\$18.25 Per REU*
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons		Gallons	
	up to 2,500	\$1.49	up to 2,500	\$2.24
	2,501 - 5,000	\$1.79	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.69
	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.10	5,001 - 10,000	\$3.15
	10,001 - 15,000	\$2.67	10,001 - 15,000	\$4.01
	15,001 - 20,000	\$3.27	15,001 - 20,000	\$4.91
	Over 20,000	\$3.87	Over 20,000	\$5.81
2021	Base	\$15.87 per REU*	Base	\$18.25 Per REU*
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons		Gallons	
	up to 2,500	\$1.49	up to 2,500	\$2.24
	2,501 - 5,000	\$1.79	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.69
	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.10	5,001 - 10,000	\$3.15
	10,001 - 15,000	\$2.67	10,001 - 15,000	\$4.01
	15,001 - 20,000	\$3.27	15,001 - 20,000	\$4.91
	Over 20,000	\$3.87	Over 20,000	\$5.81
2022	Base	\$15.87 per REU*	Base	\$18.25 Per REU*
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons		Gallons	
	up to 2,500	\$1.49	up to 2,500	\$2.24
	2,501 - 5,000	\$1.79	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.69
	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.10	5,001 - 10,000	\$3.15
	10,001 - 15,000	\$2.67	10,001 - 15,000	\$4.01
	15,001 - 20,000	\$3.27	15,001 - 20,000	\$4.91
	Over 20,000	\$3.87	Over 20,000	\$5.81

^{*} REU - Residential Equivalent Unit

SEWER RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Sewer - Insi	de the City	Sewer - Outs	ide the City
ears ended December 31,	Type of Charge	Charge	Type of Charge	Charge
2013	Base	\$14.40 per REU*	Base	\$16.56 per REU*
2014	Base	\$15.84 per REU*	Base	\$18.21 per REU*
2015	Base	\$16.08 per REU*	Base	\$18.50 per REU*
2016	Base	\$16.29 per REU*	Base	\$18.68 per REU*
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons		Gallons	
	up to 2,500	\$2.02	up to 2,500	\$3.03
	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.17	2,501 - 5,000	\$3.26
	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.25	5,001 - 10,000	\$3.63
	10,001 - 15,000	\$2.92	10,001 - 15,000	\$4.71
	15,001 - 20,000	\$3.59	15,001 - 20,000	\$5.78
	Over 20,000	\$4.25	Over 20,000	\$6.86
2017	Base	\$16.78 per REU*	Base	\$19.30 per REU*
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons	* 0.00	Gallons	#0.40
	up to 2,500	\$2.08	up to 2,500	\$3.12
	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.24	2,501 - 5,000	\$3.36
	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.32	5,001 - 10,000	\$3.48
	10,001 - 15,000	\$3.01	10,001 - 15,000	\$4.52
	15,001 - 20,000	\$3.70	15,001 - 20,000	\$5.55
	Over 20,000	\$4.38	Over 20,000	\$6.57
2018	Base	\$17.28 per REU*	Base	\$19.87 per REU*
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons		Gallons	
	up to 2,500	\$2.14	up to 2,500	\$3.21
	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.30	2,501 - 5,000	\$3.46
	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.39	5,001 - 10,000	\$3.59
	10,001 - 15,000	\$3.10	10,001 - 15,000	\$4.65
	15,001 - 20,000	\$3.81	15,001 - 20,000	\$5.72
	Over 20,000	\$4.51	Over 20,000	\$6.77

SEWER RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Sewer - Insid	de the City	Sewer - Outs	ide the City
Years ended December 31,	Type of Charge	Charge	Type of Charge	Charge
2019	Base	\$17.80 per REU*	Base	\$20.47 per REU*
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons		Gallons	
	up to 2,500	\$2.20	up to 2,500	\$3.30
	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.37	2,501 - 5,000	\$3.56
	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.46	5,001 - 10,000	\$3.69
	10,001 - 15,000	\$3.19	10,001 - 15,000	\$4.79
	15,001 - 10,000	\$3.92	15,001 - 20,000	\$5.88
	Over 20,000	\$3.92 \$4.65	Over 20,000	\$5.86 \$6.98
2020	Base	\$18.34 per REU*	Base	\$21.09 per REU*
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons		Gallons	
	up to 2,500	\$2.27	up to 2,500	\$3.41
	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.45	2,501 - 5,000	\$3.68
	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.54	5,001 - 10,000	\$3.81
	10,001 - 15,000	\$3.29	10,001 - 15,000	\$4.94
	15,001 - 20,000	\$4.04	15,001 - 20,000	\$6.06
	Over 20,000	\$4.79	Over 20,000	\$7.19
2021	Base	\$18.34 per REU*	Base	\$21.09 per REU*
2021	Administration Fee		Administration Fee	
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons		Gallons	
	up to 2,500	\$2.27	up to 2,500	\$3.41
	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.45	2,501 - 5,000	\$3.68
	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.54	5,001 - 10,000	\$3.81
	10,001 - 15,000	\$3.29	10,001 - 15,000	\$4.94
	15,001 - 20,000	\$4.04	15,001 - 20,000	\$6.06
	Over 20,000	\$4.79	Over 20,000	\$7.19
2022	Base	\$18.34 per REU*	Base	\$21.09 per REU*
	Administration Fee	\$2.35	Administration Fee	\$2.35
	Gallons		Gallons	
	up to 2,500	\$2.27	up to 2,500	\$3.41
	2,501 - 5,000	\$2.45	2,501 - 5,000	\$3.68
	5,001 - 10,000	\$2.54	5,001 - 10,000	\$3.81
	10,001 - 15,000	\$3.29	10,001 - 15,000	\$4.94
	15,001 - 15,000	\$3.29 \$4.04	15,001 - 15,000	\$4.94 \$6.06
	• •	•		\$6.06 \$7.19
	Over 20,000	\$4.79	Over 20,000	\$7.19

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Go	vern	mental Activit	ies		_		Business-ty	/pe A	ctivities					
Fiscal Year	inanced irchases		ertificates of articipation		Note Payable	_	Financed Purchases	GEFA Loans		Revenue Bonds	 ontractual oligations	G	Total Primary overnment	Percentage of Personal Income ^(a)	Per Capita ^(a)
2013	\$ 58,207	\$	8,227,459	\$	-	,	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,831,164	\$ 198,867	\$	13,315,697	8.17%	1,494
2014	44,746		7,720,498		-		-	832,812		4,484,787	99,433		13,182,276	8.45%	1,480
2015	559,262		7,203,537		-		1,073,991	3,021,241		4,128,410	-		15,986,441	9.89%	1,777
2016	374,846		6,676,576		-		924,160	3,878,753		3,767,033	-		15,621,368	9.51%	1,742
2017	187,293		6,139,615		-		771,165	4,652,380		3,395,656	-		15,146,109	9.46%	1,702
2018	356,240		5,587,654		-		615,227	4,943,890		3,019,279	-		14,522,290	8.15%	1,585
2019	215,937		5,025,693		-		457,017	4,692,586		2,632,902	-		13,024,135	7.46%	1,450
2020	339,849		-		4,420,000		293,960	4,435,549		2,241,525	-		11,730,883	6.43%	1,346
2021	142,763		-		3,805,000		148,859	4,175,210		1,825,000	-		10,096,832	4.25%	981
2022	41,366		-		3,185,000		-	3,911,521		1,420,000	-		8,557,887	3.78%	830

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽a) These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	ated Share of apping Debt
Overlapping debt repaid with property taxes: Chatham County, Georgia: DSA Chatham County Judicial Complex Project Series 2020 DSA Union Mission Series 2009 DSA Chatham County Projects Series 2014 Refunding of 2005	\$ 67,415,000 1,075,000 3,870,000	4.90% 4.90% 4.90%	\$ 3,303,335 52,675 189,630
Overlapping other debt: Capital leases: Chatham County, Georgia	662,905	3.77%	 24,992
Subtotal, overlapping debt City of Garden City direct debt			 3,570,632 3,226,366
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 6,796,998

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal	Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Net Assessed Value	\$ 382,746,192	\$ 351,244,891	\$ 369,072,652	\$ 368,411,662	\$ 384,679,595	\$ 427,807,801	\$ 451,499,987	\$ 485,333,763	\$ 486,619,318	\$ 643,798,671
Debt Limit Percentage	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
Debt Limit - 10% of Assessed Value	38,274,619	35,124,489	36,907,265	36,841,166	38,467,960	42,780,780	45,149,999	48,533,376	48,661,932	64,379,867
Debt Applicable to Debt Limit: General obligation bonds										
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 38,274,619	\$ 35,124,489	\$ 36,907,265	\$ 36,841,166	\$ 38,467,960	\$ 42,780,780	\$ 45,149,999	\$ 48,533,376	\$ 48,661,932	\$ 64,379,867
Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Water and Sewerage System Long-Term Obligations Less: Net Debt Service (b) **Utility Service** Operating Available Expenses (a) Principal Interest Year Charges Revenue Coverage 2013 \$ 3,246,503 \$ \$ 1,322,507 \$ 335,811 \$ 291,878 2.11 (1,923,996)2014 3,453,056 (1,882,597)1,570,459 445,811 95,812 2.90 2015 76,735 2.81 3,640,404 1,497,857 455,810 (2,142,547)2016 3,707,685 (2,148,035)1,559,650 361,377 144,571 3.08 2017 3,749,799 (2,263,640)1,486,159 371,377 119,520 3.03 2018 4,139,108 (2,979,336)1,159,772 551,020 128,436 1.71 2019 122,948 3.23 5,088,453 (2,640,980)2,447,473 635,809 2020 2,347,805 114,889 3.09 4,873,758 (2,525,953)644,056 2021 4,482,580 (2,377,827)2,104,753 657,345 106,338 2.76

2,328,497

665,679

96,404

3.06

(2,585,752)

4,914,249

2022

^(a)Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, amortization expenses, or support departments such as administration and finance.

^(b)Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population*	 Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	P	er Capita ersonal come ⁽¹⁾	Median Age	Unemployment Rate ⁽²⁾
2013	8,913	\$ 163,036,596	\$	18,292	36.8	8.9%
2014	8,904	155,989,176		17,519	35.3	7.7%
2015	8,994	161,712,120		17,980	36.0	5.0%
2016	8,966	164,239,188		18,318	37.2	4.9%
2017	8,900	160,102,100		17,989	32.6	5.6%
2018	8,970	174,448,560		19,448	30.9	5.5%
2019	8,961	174,273,528		19,448	30.9	3.6%
2020	8,713	182,781,314		20,978	31.1	3.5%
2021	10,289	237,377,519		23,071	32.5	4.9%
2022	10,306	226,536,186		21,981	31.8	3.1%

Sources:

^{*} US Census Bureau - population based on 2020 Census with Census estimates applied to subsequent years.

⁽¹⁾ United States Census Bureau - Community Facts

⁽²⁾ www.city-data.com/city/garden-city-georgia.html

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2022			2013	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Metro Area Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Metro Area Employment
Gulfstream Aerospace Corporation	10,000	1	6.99%	6,500	1	5.42%
Savannah Chatham County Board of Education	5,700	2	3.99%	4,600	4	3.77%
Memorial Health University Medical Ctr.	4,775	3	3.34%	4,643	3	3.81%
St. Joseph's/Candler Health System	4,431	4	3.10%	3,170	5	2.60%
Ft. Stewart/Hunter Army Airfield	4,300	5	3.01%	4,719	2	3.87%
Georgia Southern University - Armstrong	2,864	6	2.00%	1,000	10	0.82%
City of Savananh	2,147	7	1.50%	2,500	6	2.05%
Chatham County	1,810	8	1.27%	1,500	8	1.23%
Savannah College of Art & Design	1,772	9	1.24%	1,750	7	1.43%
Georgia Ports Authority	1,400	10	0.98%	1,200	9	0.98%
Total	39,199		27.42%	31,582		25.98%

Source: Savannah Economic Development Authority and Georgia Department of Labor

Note: This data includes employer and employee information for the Savannah Metropolitan Service Area.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

					Fiscal \	′ ear				
Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Government	12	9	7	9	8	9	9	8	15	17
Public Safety	54	56	59	61	63	63	61	59	60	63
Public Works	12	12	12	13	12	12	12	12	12	9
Culture and Recreation	12	12	14	14	11	11	11	10	7	7
Utility Services	18	17	16	14	12	10	12	12	6	4
Total	108	106	108	111	106	105	105	101	100	100

Source: City Personnel Records

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Finan	J. Voor				
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
842	867	845	1054	693	734	1121	677	972	1527
370	357	601	2407	2,122	3,144	2,570	2,013	2,273	2,367
133	180	150	147	147	118	60	322	856	1089
6.5	5.6	7.6	7.5	7.6	7.58	7.58	7.37	7.37	7.37
646	508	745	765	652	420	353	30	30	30
189	38	157	168	153	354.69	353.7	319.6	318.64	160.79
2	6	12	5	8	14	31	17	57	17
0.95	0.96	0.89	0.82	0.84	0.89	0.93	0.96	0.94	0.98
2	6	8	5	6	14	28	14	56	14
0.88	0.89	1.07	1.05	1.05	1.12	1.14	1.08	1.11	1.08
	842 370 133 6.5 646 189 2 0.95	842 867 370 357 133 180 6.5 5.6 646 508 189 38 2 6 0.95 0.96 2 6	842 867 845 370 357 601 133 180 150 6.5 5.6 7.6 646 508 745 189 38 157 2 6 12 0.95 0.96 0.89 2 6 8	842 867 845 1054 370 357 601 2407 133 180 150 147 6.5 5.6 7.6 7.5 646 508 745 765 189 38 157 168 2 6 12 5 0.95 0.96 0.89 0.82 2 6 8 5	2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 842 867 845 1054 693 370 357 601 2407 2,122 133 180 150 147 147 6.5 5.6 7.6 7.5 7.6 646 508 745 765 652 189 38 157 168 153 2 6 12 5 8 0.95 0.96 0.89 0.82 0.84 2 6 8 5 6	842 867 845 1054 693 734 370 357 601 2407 2,122 3,144 133 180 150 147 147 118 6.5 5.6 7.6 7.5 7.6 7.58 646 508 745 765 652 420 189 38 157 168 153 354.69 2 6 12 5 8 14 0.95 0.96 0.89 0.82 0.84 0.89 2 6 8 5 6 14	2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 842 867 845 1054 693 734 1121 370 357 601 2407 2,122 3,144 2,570 133 180 150 147 147 118 60 6.5 5.6 7.6 7.5 7.6 7.58 7.58 646 508 745 765 652 420 353 189 38 157 168 153 354.69 353.7 2 6 12 5 8 14 31 0.95 0.96 0.89 0.82 0.84 0.89 0.93 2 6 8 5 6 14 28	2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 842 867 845 1054 693 734 1121 677 370 357 601 2407 2,122 3,144 2,570 2,013 133 180 150 147 147 118 60 322 6.5 5.6 7.6 7.5 7.6 7.58 7.58 7.37 646 508 745 765 652 420 353 30 189 38 157 168 153 354.69 353.7 319.6 2 6 12 5 8 14 31 17 0.95 0.96 0.89 0.82 0.84 0.89 0.93 0.96 2 6 8 5 6 14 28 14	2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 842 867 845 1054 693 734 1121 677 972 370 357 601 2407 2,122 3,144 2,570 2,013 2,273 133 180 150 147 147 118 60 322 856 6.5 5.6 7.6 7.5 7.6 7.58 7.58 7.37 7.37 646 508 745 765 652 420 353 30 30 189 38 157 168 153 354.69 353.7 319.6 318.64 2 6 12 5 8 14 31 17 57 0.95 0.96 0.89 0.82 0.84 0.89 0.93 0.96 0.94 2 6 8 5 6 14 28

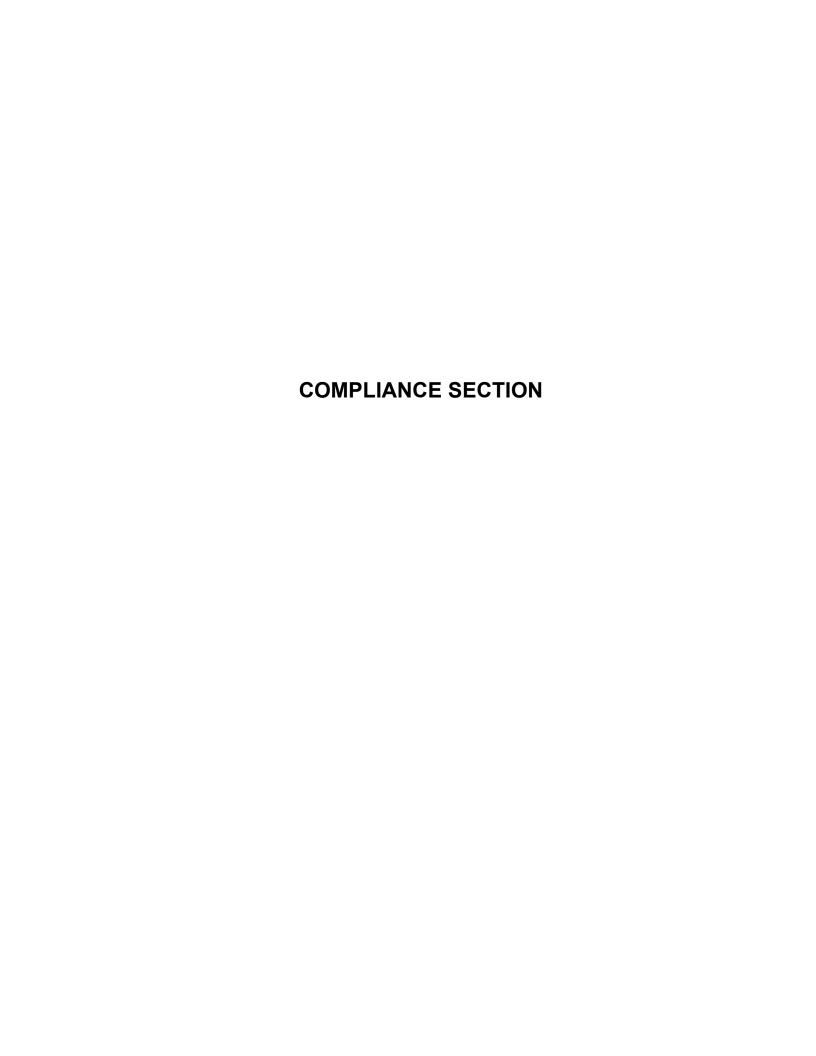
Source: City records

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fisca	al Year				
Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire:										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public works:										
Streets (miles)	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Parks and recreation:										
Parks	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Community Centers	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Water:										
Water mains (miles)	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.9
Maximum daily capacity										
(millions of gallons)	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
Wastewater:										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48
Maximum daily treatment capacity										
(millions of gallons)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Sources: City records and Technical Data Assessment Garden City Comprehensive Plan







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Garden City, Georgia Garden City, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Garden City, Georgia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 24, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia May 24, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP.	<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	YesXNone Reported
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes X None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesXNo
<u>Federal Awards</u>	
There was not an audit of major federal award programs due to the total amount expended on federal programs being less than \$750,000.	
SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES	
None Reported.	

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

SECTION III STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None Reported.